

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910456569303321
Autore	Krauss Ellis S
Titolo	The rise and fall of Japan's LDP [[electronic resource]] : political party organizations as historical institutions / / Ellis S. Krauss and Robert J. Pekkanen
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ithaca, : Cornell University Press, 2011
ISBN	0-8014-6002-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (336 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	PekkanenRobert
Disciplina	324.252/04
Soggetti	POLITICAL SCIENCE / Political Process / Political Parties Electronic books. Japan Politics and government 1945-
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Figures and Tables -- Acknowledgments -- Abbreviations -- Chapter 1. The Liberal Democratic Party in Time -- Chapter 2. The Kenkai -- Chapter 3. The Kenkai Today -- Chapter 4. Factions under the Single Nontransferable Vote System -- Chapter 5. Factions Today -- Chapter 6. The Policy Affairs Research Council and Policymaking under the '55 System -- Chapter 7. The Policy Affairs Research Council after Reform -- Chapter 8. Party Leadership in the '55 System -- Chapter 9. The Changing Role of Party Leadership -- Chapter 10. The Liberal Democratic Party out of Time? -- Coded Interviews -- References -- Index
Sommario/riassunto	After holding power continuously from its inception in 1955 (with the exception of a ten-month hiatus in 1993-1994), Japan's Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) lost control of the national government decisively in September 2009. Despite its defeat, the LDP remains the most successful political party in a democracy in the post-World War II period. In <i>The Rise and Fall of Japan's LDP</i> , Ellis S. Krauss and Robert J. Pekkanen shed light on the puzzle of the LDP's long dominance and abrupt defeat. Several questions about institutional change in party politics are at the core of their investigation: What incentives do different electoral systems provide? How do politicians adapt to new incentives? How much does structure determine behavior, and how

much opportunity does structure give politicians to influence outcomes? How adaptable are established political organizations? The electoral system Japan established in 1955 resulted in a half-century of "one-party democracy." But as Krauss and Pekkanen detail, sweeping political reforms in 1994 changed voting rules and other key elements of the electoral system. Both the LDP and its adversaries had to adapt to a new system that gave citizens two votes: one for a party and one for a candidate. Under the leadership of the charismatic Koizumi Junichiro, the LDP managed to maintain its majority in the Japanese Diet, but his successors lost popular support as opposing parties learned how to operate in the new electoral environment. Drawing on the insights of historical institutionalism, Krauss and Pekkanen explain how Japanese politics functioned before and after the 1994 reform and why the persistence of party institutions (factions, PARC, koenkai) and the transformed role of party leadership contributed both to the LDP's success at remaining in power for fifteen years after the reforms and to its eventual downfall. In an epilogue, the authors assess the LDP's prospects in the near and medium term.

2. Record Nr.	UNISA996387780203316
Autore	Grantham Thomas <d. 1664.>
Titolo	Mnemophthoropaike, the brainbreakersbreaker, or, The apologie of Thomas Grantham, for his method in teaching [[electronic resource]] : dwelling in Lothbury, London
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Printed at London, : [s.n.], 1644
Descrizione fisica	[8] p
Soggetti	Education
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Reproduction of original in the University of Illinois (Urbana-Champaign Campus). Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0167

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910780901303321
Autore	Hsu Carolyn L. <1969->
Titolo	Creating market socialism [[electronic resource]] : how ordinary people are shaping class and status in China // Carolyn L. Hsu
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Durham, : Duke University Press, 2007
ISBN	0-8223-9042-6 1-283-03557-X 9786613035578
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (237 p.)
Collana	Politics, history, and culture
Disciplina	306.3/450951090511
Soggetti	Social change - China - 21st century China Social conditions 21st century China Economic policy 2000-
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [205]-216) and index.
Nota di contenuto	How narratives shape institutional change -- Narratives and the socialist stratification system -- Harbin : from Paris of the East to the rust belt -- The path of power : revising the meaning of political capital -- Constructing entrepreneurship : the moral meaning of money -- Trust in knowledge : human capital and the emerging Suzhi hierarchy -- The narrative construction of class and status under market socialism : the emerging Suzhi hierarchy -- Appendix 1. Fieldwork sites and interview sample and questions -- Appendix 2. Glossary of Chinese terms.
Sommario/riassunto	Based on interviews with ordinary Chinese citizens, this work examines how people, as opposed to Communist Party elites, are establishing the new economic order in China.