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| 1. Record Nr. | UNINA9910458507303321 |
| Autore | Newman Louise Michele |
| Titolo | White women's rights [[electronic resource]] : the racial origins of feminism in the United States // Lousie Michele Newman |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | New York, : Oxford University Press, 1999 |
| ISBN | 1-280-44230-1 0-19-802886-5 1-60129-961-3 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (272 p.) |
| Disciplina | 305.420973 |
| Soggetti | Feminism - United States - History Minority women - United States - Social conditions Racism - United States - History Women, White - United States - Social conditions Women's rights - United States - History Electronic books. |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references (p. 229-252) and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | Contents; Introduction: Woman's Rights, Race, and Imperialism; 1 Evolution, Woman's Rights, and Civilizing Missions; 2 The Making of a White Female Citizenry: Suffragism, Antisuffragism, and Race; 3 The Politics of Patriarchal Protection: Debates over Coeducation and Special Labor Legislation for Women; 4 A Feminist Explores Africa: May French-Sheldon's Subversion of Patriarchal Protection; 5 Assimilating Primitives: The "Indian Problem" as a "Woman Question"; 6 Eliminating Sex Distinctions from Civilization: The Feminist Theories of Charlotte Perkins Gilman and Mary Roberts Smith Coolidge 7 Coming of Age, but Not in Samoa: Reflections on Margaret Mead's Legacy to Western Liberal Feminism Conclusion: Coming to Terms; Notes; Selected Bibliography; Index; A; B; C; D; E; F; G; H; I; J; K; L; M; N; P; Q; R; S; T; U; V; W; Y |
| Sommario/riassunto | A reinterpretation of the history of the American women's movement. The book traces the intellectual roots of the women's movement, revealing how it took on racial overtones and demonstrating that white, |

middle-class women laid the intellectual groundwork for the social movements that followed.

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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910780899503321 |
| Autore | Babou Cheikh Anta Mbacke |
| Titolo | Fighting the greater jihad [[electronic resource]] : Amadu Bamba and the founding of the Muridiyya of Senegal, 1853-1913 // Cheikh Anta Babou |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Athens, : Ohio University Press, c2007 |
| ISBN | 0-8214-4257-0 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (319 p.) |
| Collana | New African histories series |
| Disciplina | 297.4/8 |
| Soggetti | Muridiyah - Senegal Islam and politics - Senegal - History Islamic sects - Senegal |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references (p. 263-283) and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | Islam, society, and power in the Wolof states -- The Mbacke: the foundations of family traditions -- The emergence of Amadu Bamba, 1853-95 -- The founding of the Muridiyya -- Murid conflict with the French colonial administration, 1889-1902 -- Slow path toward accommodation I: the time of rapprochement -- Slow path toward accommodation II: making Murid space in colonial Bawol -- Conclusion. |
| Sommario/riassunto | In Senegal, the Muridiyya, a large Islamic Sufi order, is the single most influential religious organization, including among its numbers the nation's president. Yet little is known of this sect in the West. Drawn from a wide variety of archival, oral, and iconographic sources in Arabic, French, and Wolof, Fighting the Greater Jihad offers an astute analysis of the founding and development of the order and a biographical study of its founder, Cheikh Amadu Bamba Mbacke. Cheikh Anta Babou explores the forging of Murid identity and pedagogy around the person and initiative of |

