Record Nr. Autore Titolo	UNINA9910780182603321 Korda Natasha Shakespeare's domestic economies [[electronic resource]] : gender and
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Philadelphia, : University of Pennsylvania Press, c2002
ISBN	1-283-89094-1 9780585436274 0-8122-0251-1 0-585-43627-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (287 p.)
Disciplina	822.3/3
Soggetti	House furnishings in literature Housekeeping in literature Property in literature Sex role in literature Women in literature
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [213]-262) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter Contents Note on Spelling and Editions Introduction Chapter 1. Housekeeping and Household Stuff Chapter 2. Household Kates: Domesticating Commodities in The Taming of the Shrew Chapter 3. Judicious Oeillades: Supervising Marital Property in The Merry Wives of Windsor Chapter 4. The Tragedy of the Handkerchief: Female Paraphernalia and the Properties of Jealousy in Othello Chapter 5. Isabellas Rule: Singlewomen and the Properties of Poverty in Measure for Measure Conclusion: Household Property/Stage Property Notes Index Acknowledgments
Sommario/riassunto	Shakespeare's Domestic Economies explores representations of female subjectivity in Shakespearean drama from a refreshingly new perspective, situating The Taming of the Shrew, The Merry Wives of Windsor, Othello, and Measure for Measure in relation to early modern England's nascent consumer culture and competing conceptions of property. Drawing evidence from legal documents, economic treatises,

1.

domestic manuals, marriage sermons, household inventories, and wills to explore the realities and dramatic representations of women's domestic roles, Natasha Korda departs from traditional accounts of the commodification of women, which maintain that throughout history women have been "trafficked" as passive objects of exchange between men. In the early modern period, Korda demonstrates, as newly available market goods began to infiltrate households at every level of society, women emerged as never before as the "keepers" of household properties. With the rise of consumer culture, she contends, the housewife's managerial function assumed a new form, becoming increasingly centered around caring for the objects of everyday lifeobjects she was charged with keeping as if they were her own, in spite of the legal strictures governing women's property rights. Korda deftly shows how their positions in a complex and changing social formation allowed women to exert considerable control within the household domain, and in some areas to thwart the rule of fathers and husbands.