

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910780144003321
Autore	Staff Board on Health Care Services
Titolo	Coverage Matters [[electronic resource]] : Insurance and Health Care
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, : National Academies Press, 2001
ISBN	0-309-17046-X 0-309-51007-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (203 p.)
Collana	Insuring health Coverage matters
Altri autori (Persone)	StaffInstitute of Medicine
Disciplina	368.38
Soggetti	Medically uninsured persons - United States Health insurance - United States Medical care - United States Patient Care Management Health Care Quality, Access, and Evaluation Persons Insurance Health Care Financing, Organized Health Services Administration Economics Health Care Economics and Organizations Delivery of Health Care Medically Uninsured Insurance Coverage Insurance, Health North America Americas United States
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di contenuto	""Front Matter""; ""Reviewers""; ""Preface""; ""Foreword""; ""Acknowledgments""; ""Contents""; ""Executive Summary""; ""1 Why Health Insurance Matters""; ""2 The Dynamics of Health Insurance

Coverage"; ""3 Who Goes Without Health Insurance? Who Is Most Likely to Be Uninsured?"; ""4 Analytic Plan"; ""A A Conceptual Framework for Evaluating the Consequences of Uninsurance: A Cascade of Effects"; ""B Measuring Insurance Coverage and Insurance Rates"; ""C Data Tables"; ""D Multivariate Analyses"; ""E Glossary"; ""F Biographical Sketches"; ""References""

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910137092803321
Autore	Herbert Patrick Ludewick
Titolo	Mysteries of Type I IFN response: benefits versus detriments
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Frontiers Media SA, 2015
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (74 p.)
Collana	Frontiers Research Topics
Soggetti	Medicine
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>Successful containment of an infection is dependent on both innate and adaptive immune response. Cytokines are essential effectors of both of these systems. In particular, type I interferons (IFN-I) are important components of early innate immunity against an infection. However, the production of IFN-I could serve as a double edge sword, either containing an infection or enhancing susceptibility. For example, IFN-I, which is essential for early containment of viral infections, has been shown to be detrimental to the host during bacterial infections. In fact, recent significant reports have shown that influenza virus induced IFN-I responses can enhance the host susceptibility to secondary bacterial infections. These recent reports highlight the expanding immunoregulatory role of IFN-I in the host immunity. With these recent findings in mind, the aim of this research topic is to welcome novel data, opinion and literature reviews on the newly identified dual functions of IFN-I. This research topic will focus on the following areas of IFN-I: 1) a detrimental role of IFN-I during primary bacterial infection; 2) a detrimental role of viral infection induced IFN-I during</p>

secondary bacterial infections; 3) evolutionary pressure that drove detrimental IFN-I response during primary bacterial infection; and 4) does benefit of IFN-I responses during primary viral infections outweigh the adverse consequences of IFN-I mediated enhanced susceptibility to secondary bacterial infections.
