1. Record Nr. UNINA9910780084803321 Autore Diamant Neil J. <1964-> **Titolo** Revolutionizing the family [[electronic resource]]: politics, love, and divorce in urban and rural China, 1949-1968 / / Neil J. Diamant Berkeley, : University of California Press, c2000 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-520-92238-7 1-59734-871-6 Edizione [Reprint 2019] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (460 p.) Disciplina 306.85/0951 Soggetti Families - China Family policy - China China Social conditions 1949-1976 Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 405-423) and index. Nota di contenuto Front matter -- CONTENTS -- MAPS, TABLES, AND FIGURES -- PREFACE -- CHAPTER ONE. Introduction -- CHAPTER TWO. The State and the Family in Urban China: Beijing and Shanghai, 1950-1953 -- CHAPTER THREE. Between "Urban" and "Rural": Family Reform in the Beijing and Shanghai Suburbs, 1950-1953 -- CHAPTER FOUR. Family Reform in the Southwest Frontier, 1950-1953 -- CHAPTER FIVE, The Politics and Culture of Divorce and Marriage in Urban China, 1954-1966 --CHAPTER SIX. The Family in Flux: Family and Personal Relationships in Rural Areas, 1954-1966 -- CHAPTER SEVEN. The Conservative Backlash: Politics, Sex, and the Family in the Cultural Revolution, 1966-1968 -- CHAPTER EIGHT. Conclusion -- AFTERWORD. Observations on State-Family Relations in the Reform Period -- APPENDIX. Texts of the "Decree Regarding Marriage" and the 1950 Marriage Law -- NOTES --**BIBLIOGRAPHY -- INDEX** Sommario/riassunto In 1950, China's new Communist government enacted a Marriage Law to allow free choice in marriage and easier access to divorce. Prohibiting arranged marriages, concubinage, and bigamy, it was one

of the most dramatic efforts ever by a state to change marital and

family relationships.