Record Nr. UNINA9910779447603321 Healthy aging in sociocultural context / / edited by Andrew E. Scharlach **Titolo** and Kazumi Hoshino Pubbl/distr/stampa New York:,: Routledge,, 2013 **ISBN** 1-136-19897-0 0-203-08555-8 1-283-89443-2 1-136-19898-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (135 p.) Collana Routledge advances in sociology;; 81 SOC013000HEA028000SOC026000 Classificazione Altri autori (Persone) HoshinoKazumi ScharlachAndrew E Disciplina 305.260973 Soggetti Older people - United States - Social conditions Older people - Sweden - Social conditions Older people - Japan - Social conditions Aging - United States Aging - Sweden Aging - Japan Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. pt. 1. Healthy aging and policy implications in the U.S. -- pt. 2. Healthy Nota di contenuto aging and policy implications in Sweden -- pt. 3. Healthy aging and policy implications in Japan -- pt. 4. Future directions. "Healthy aging in sociocultural context examines two emerging trends Sommario/riassunto facing countries throughout the world: population aging and population diversity. It makes a unique contribution to our understanding of these timely issues by examining their implications for healthy aging, a topic of increasing importance to policy-makers, planners, researchers, families, and individuals of all ages. The book focuses on three countries that provide important examples of these emerging global trends - Japan, Sweden, and the United States. Japan and Sweden are at the forefront in terms of healthy life expectancies, while the United States represents a country with considerable diversity. Examining these three countries together provides a unique opportunity to address questions such as the following: How can we understand differences in healthy life expectancy among different countries? What role might diversity play? And how might these effects change as geographic mobility increases diversity, even among societies that historically have been relatively homogeneous?"