Record Nr.	UNINA9910779369203321
Titolo	Functional morphology and diversity [[electronic resource] ] : the natural history of the crustacea. Volume 1 / / edited by Les Watling and Martin Thiel
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oxford, : Oxford University Press, 2013
ISBN	0-19-026778-X 1-283-87463-6 0-19-987545-6
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (515 p.)
Collana	The natural history of the crustacea series
Altri autori (Persone)	WatlingLes ThielMartin
Disciplina	571.3153 595.3
Soggetti	Crustacea
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Contents; 1. Comments on Crustacean Biodiversity and Disparity of Body Plans; 2. Evolution of Crustacean Appendages; 3. Mechanisms of Limb Patterning in Crustaceans; 4. The Crustacean Carapace: Morphology, Function, Development, and Phylogenetic History; 5. The Crustacean Integument: Structure and Function; 6. The Crustacean Integument: Setae, Setules, and Other Ornamentation; 7. Antennules and Antennae in the Crustacea; 8. Feeding and Digestive System; 9. Appendage Diversity and Modes of Locomotion: Walking; 10. Morphological Adaptations for Digging and Burrowing 11. Appendage Diversity and Modes of Locomotion: Swimming at Intermediate Reynolds Numbers12. Swimming Fast and Furious: Body and Limb Propulsion at Higher Reynolds Numbers; 13. Adaptive Modification of Appendages for Grooming (Cleaning, Antifouling) and Reproduction in the Crustacea; 14. Circulatory System and Respiration; 15. Functional Anatomy of the Reproductive System; 16. Structure of the Nervous System: General Design and Gross Anatomy; Index; A; B; C; D; E; F; G; H; I; J; K; L; M; N; O; P; Q; R; S; T; U; V; W; X; Y; Z
Sommario/riassunto	Crustaceans are increasingly used as model organisms in all fields of

1.

biology, including neurobiology, developmental biology, animal physiology, evolutionary ecology, biogeography, and resource management. One reason for the increasing use of crustacean examples is the wide range of phenotypes found in this group and the diversity of environments they inhabit; few other taxa exhibit such a variety of body shapes and adaptations to particular habitats and environmental conditions. A good overview of their functional morphology is essential to understanding many aspects of their biology. This vo