1. Record Nr. UNINA9910779311303321 Transforming national holidays [[electronic resource]]: identity **Titolo** discourse in the west and south Slavic countries, 1985-2010 / / edited by Ljiljana Saric, Karen Gammelgaard, Kjetil Ra Hauge Amsterdam;; Philadelphia,: John Benjamins Pub. Co., 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-283-89525-0 90-272-7297-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (328 p.) Collana Discourse approaches to politics, society and culture;; v. 47 Altri autori (Persone) SaricLiiliana GammelgaardKaren HaugeKjetil Ra <1945-> Disciplina 394.269496 Soggetti Slavic languages - Political aspects Slavs - Ethnic identity Discourse analysis - Political aspects - Slavic countries Holidays - Slavic countries Nationalism - Slavic countries Nationalism and literature - Slavic countries Sociolinguistics - Slavic countries Slavic countries Social life and customs 20th century Slavic countries Social life and customs 21st century Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Transforming National Holidays; Editorial page; Title page; LCC data: Table of contents; Contributors; Acknowledgements; Preface; Organization of this volume; Discursive construction of national holidays in West and South Slavic countries after the fall of co; 1. National holidays as sites of transformation; 2. Terminology; 3. National holidays in official discourse; 4. National holidays and collective memory; 5. Underlying events; 6. Methodologies; Analyses; 1. Collective memory and media genres: Serbian Statehood Day 2002-

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9. Slovak national identity as articulated in the homilies of a religious holiday

Sommario/riassunto

This chapter examines one of Poland's most influential newspapers, Gazeta Wyborcza, and its front-page coverage of what is arguably the country's most popular national holiday, Independence Day. Specific attention is given to how Gazeta's writers discursively constructed a Polishness compatible with European values, both before and after the country's EU admission. Within the newspaper's Euro-Polish identity project, they reinforced the idea of a common past, present, and future, while introducing a concept of European supranationalism that, however, did not replace but instead served to compl