Record Nr. UNINA9910779151203321 Autore Marx John Titolo Geopolitics and the Anglophone novel, 1890-2011 / / John Marx [[electronic resource]] Cambridge:,: Cambridge University Press,, 2012 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-139-36632-7 1-107-23129-9 1-280-64767-1 9786613633729 1-139-37891-0 1-139-09715-6 1-139-37605-5 1-139-37748-5 1-139-37206-8 1-139-38034-6 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (viii, 246 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) LIT004120 Classificazione Disciplina 809/.93358 Soggetti Fiction - 20th century - History and criticism Fiction - 21st century - History and criticism Geopolitics in literature Politics and literature Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015). Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Introduction: the novel's administrative turn -- 1. Fiction after liberalism -- 2. How literature administers 'failed' states -- 3. The novelistic management of inequality in the age of meritocracy -- 4. Entrepreneurship and imperial politics in twentieth-century historical fiction -- 5. Women as economic actors in contemporary and modernist novels -- Postscript: the literary politics of being well attached. Sommario/riassunto Literary fiction is a powerful cultural tool for criticizing governments and for imagining how better governance and better states would work.

Combining political theory with strong readings of a vast range of

novels, John Marx shows that fiction over the long twentieth century has often envisioned good government not in Utopian but in pragmatic terms. Early-twentieth-century novels by Joseph Conrad, E. M. Forster and Rabindrananth Tagore helped forecast world government after European imperialism. Twenty-first-century novelists such as Monica Ali, Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie, Michael Ondaatje and Amitav Ghosh have inherited that legacy and continue to criticize existing policies in order to formulate best practices on a global scale. Marx shows how literature can make an important contribution to political and social sciences by creating a space to imagine and experiment with social organization.