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	Titolo	Eredità e miglioramento genetico del riso / a cura di Giorgio Baldi e Antonio Tinarelli
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Bologna : Edagricole, 1969
	Descrizione fisica	39 p. ; 26 cm
	Collana	Trattato di genetica agraria speciale , Quaderno ; 4
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2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910779114703321
	Autore	Davidson Naomi <1976->
	Titolo	Only Muslim [[electronic resource]] : embodying Islam in twentieth-century France / / Naomi Davidson
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ithaca, : Cornell University Press, 2012
	ISBN	0-8014-6525-7 1-322-50335-4 0-8014-6569-9
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (318 p.)
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Nota di bibliografia

Includes bibliographical references and index.

Nota di contenuto

Front matter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Note on Translation and Transliteration -- List of Abbreviations -- Introduction: Muslims only as Muslims -- 1. Religion and Race in the French Mediterranean -- 2. Un monument durable : Building the Mosquée de Paris and Institut Musulman -- 3. To Monitor and Aid: Muslim Bodies, Social Assistance, and Religious Practices -- 4. Islam François, Islam in France: Forms of Islam in Paris and the Provinces -- 5. Islam François, Islam Algerian : Islam and the Algerian War in Paris -- 6. "Culture" and "Religion": Immigration, Islams, and Race in 1970's Paris -- Conclusion: "We Want to Contribute to the Secularization of Islam": Islam François in the Twenty-First Century -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index

Sommario/riassunto

The French state has long had a troubled relationship with its diverse Muslim populations. In *Only Muslim*, Naomi Davidson traces this turbulence to the 1920's and 1930's, when North Africans first immigrated to French cities in significant numbers. Drawing on police reports, architectural blueprints, posters, propaganda films, and documentation from metropolitan and colonial officials as well as anticolonial nationalists, she reveals the ways in which French politicians and social scientists created a distinctly French vision of Islam that would inform public policy and political attitudes toward Muslims for the rest of the century-Islam français. French Muslims were cast into a permanent "otherness" that functioned in the same way as racial difference. This notion that one was only and forever Muslim was attributed to all immigrants from North Africa, though in time "Muslim" came to function as a synonym for Algerian, despite the diversity of the North and West African population. Davidson grounds her narrative in the history of the Mosquée de Paris, which was inaugurated in 1926 and epitomized the concept of Islam français. Built in official gratitude to the tens of thousands of Muslim subjects of France who fought and were killed in World War I, the site also provided the state with a means to regulate Muslim life throughout the metropole beginning during the interwar period. Later chapters turn to the consequences of the state's essentialized view of Muslims in the Vichy years and during the Algerian War. Davidson concludes with current debates over plans to build a Muslim cultural institute in the middle of a Parisian immigrant neighborhood, showing how Islam remains today a marker of an unassimilable difference.