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Autore	Isoda Masami
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Collana	Monographs on Lesson Study for Teaching Mathematics and Sciences
Altri autori (Persone)	KatagiriShigeo
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Nota di contenuto	Preface to the Book; Preface to the Series; Acknowledgements; Contents; Introductory Chapter: Problem Solving Approach to Develop Mathematical Thinking; 1.1 The Teaching Approach as the Result of Lesson Study; 1.1.1 Learning mathematics by/for themselves; 1.1.2 The difference between tasks and problems (problematic); 1.1.3 Teachers' questioning, and changing and adding representations; 1.1.4 Extending the ideas which we have already learned; 1.2 Setting the Activities for Explaining, Listening, Reflecting, and Appreciating in Class; 1.2.1 Structure of Problem Solving Approaches 1.2.2 Diversity of solutions and the objective of the class 1.2.3 Comparison based on the problematic; 1.2.4 Using the blackboard for illustrating children's thinking process; 1.3 The Roles of the Curriculum and Textbooks; 1.4 Perspectives for Developing Mathematical Thinking; 1.4.1 Mathematical thinking: a major research topic of lesson study;

1.4.2 Mathematical thinking: a bird's-eye view; References; Part I
Mathematical Thinking: Theory of Teaching Mathematics to Develop
Children Who Learn Mathematics for Themselves; Chapter 1
Mathematical Thinking as the Aim of Education
1.1 Developing Children Who Learn Mathematics for Themselves
1.2 Mathematical Thinking as an Ability to Think and to Make Decisions;
1.3 The Hierarchy of Ability and Thinking; Chapter 2 The Importance of
Cultivating Mathematical Thinking; 2.1 The Importance of Teaching
Mathematical Thinking; 2.1.1 The driving forces in pursuing knowledge
and skills; 2.1.2 Achieving independent thinking and the ability to learn
independently; 2.2 Example: How Many Squares Are There?; 2.2.1 The
usual lesson process; 2.2.2 Problems with this method; 2.2.3 The
preferred method
2.2.4 Mathematical thinking is the key ability here
Chapter 3 The Mindset and Mathematical Thinking; 3.1 Mathematical Thinking; 3.1.1
Focus on the mindset: attitude and disposition; 3.1.2 Three variables
for thinking mathematically; 3.1.3 Importance of Denotative
understanding of mathematical thinking; 3.1.4 Mathematical thinking is
the driving force behind knowledge and skills; 3.2 Structure of
Mathematical Thinking; Chapter 4 Mathematical Methods; 4.1 Inductive
Thinking; Meaning; Examples; Important aspects about teaching
inductive thinking; 4.2 Analogical Thinking; Meaning; Examples
Important aspects about teaching analogical thinking
4.3 Deductive Thinking; Meaning; Examples; Important aspect about teaching
deductive thinking; 4.4 Integrative Thinking; Meaning; Type I
integration (high-level integration); Type II integration (comprehensive
integration); Type III integration (extensional thinking); Example for
type I; Example 2 for type II; Example 3 for type III; Important aspects
about teaching integrative thinking; 4.5 Developmental Thinking;
Meaning; Examples; Important aspects about teaching developmental
thinking; 4.6 Abstract Thinking (Abstraction); Meaning
Examples

Sommario/riassunto

Developing mathematical thinking is one of major aims of mathematics education. In mathematics education research, there are a number of researches which describe what it is and how we can observe in experimental research. However, teachers have difficulties developing it in the classrooms. This book is the result of lesson studies over the past 50 years. It describes three perspectives of mathematical thinking: Mathematical Attitude (Minds set), Mathematical Methods in General and Mathematical Ideas with Content and explains how to develop them in the classroom with illuminating examples.
