

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910778420903321
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Titolo	Law and politics in ocean governance [[electronic resource] ] : the UN Fish Stocks Agreement and regional fisheries management regimes / / Tore Henriksen, Geir Hønneland, and Are Sydnes
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden ; ; Boston, : Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, c2006
ISBN	1-282-39668-4 9786612396687 90-474-1772-0
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (241 p.)
Collana	Publications on ocean development ; ; v. 52
Altri autori (Persone)	HønnelandGeir SydnesAre K
Disciplina	343.07692
Soggetti	Fishery law and legislation Fishery management, International Fishes - Conservation
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. [213]-217) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Material -- Chapter One. Introduction -- Chapter Two. The Fish Stocks Agreement -- Chapter Three. The Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization (Nafo) -- Chapter Four. The North-east Atlantic Fisheries Commission (Neafc) -- Chapter Five. The Joint Russiannorwegian Fisheries Commission -- Chapter Six. The South East Atlantic Fisheries Organization (Seafo) -- Chapter Seven. The Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (Wcpfc) -- Chapter Eight. The Politics of Applying International Law in Regional Fisheries Management Regimes -- Bibliography -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	The UN Fish Stocks Agreement was an effort to curb rising conflicts and unilateral actions regarding the rights and duties of States to exploit and manage straddling and highly migratory fish stocks. It broke new ground in international fisheries law in terms of incorporating new environmental principles, provisions on compliance and enforcement, and the duty of States to co-operate. This volume explores how these commitments are acted upon by States in a selection of regional fisheries management regimes, covering fisheries from the European

Arctic to the western and central Pacific Ocean. The cases chosen reflect the heterogeneity of institutional arrangements that are established at the regional level to manage straddling and highly migratory fish stocks. The authors review three established regional fisheries management regimes and two regional agreements establishing such regimes, negotiated following the UN Fish Stocks Agreement.

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