

1. Record Nr.	UNISOBE600200012282
Autore	Joyce, James
Titolo	Dedalus : Ritratto dell'artista da giovane / James Joyce ; pref. di Alberto Rossi ; versione di Cesare Pavese
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Milano, : Adelphi, 1976
Descrizione fisica	309 p. ; 18 cm.
Collana	Piccola Biblioteca ; 41
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910778313203321
Autore	Kelly S. M (Stephen M.)
Titolo	Flat panel displays [[electronic resource]] : advanced organic materials / / S.M. Kelly
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, : Royal Society of Chemistry, c2000
ISBN	1-62870-124-2 1-84755-082-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (249 p.)
Collana	RSC materials monographs
Classificazione	UQ 8700
Disciplina	621.3815/422
Soggetti	Liquid crystal displays - Materials Electroluminescent display systems - Materials
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Flat panel displays -- Liquid crystals and liquid crystal displays (LCDs) -- Liquid crystal displays using nematic liquid crystals -- Photoluminescence and electroluminescence from organic materials -- Organic light-emitting diodes using low-molar-mass materials (LMMMs) -- Organic light-emitting diodes using light-emitting

polymers -- Conclusions and outlook.

Sommario/riassunto

Liquid crystals and electroluminescent organic materials have a wide commercial application in flat panel displays, in products such as clocks, navigational aids and laptop computers. Traditionally there has been a divide between the two fields of organic materials research and industrial activity. This book aims to bridge that gap and provide a standard reference work for all those involved. Starting with the first prototype and moving chapter by chapter through developments to the present day, Flat Panel Displays: Advanced Organic Materials describes the display type device specifications and

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Autore

Tejchman Jacek

Titolo

Continuous and discontinuous modelling of fracture in concrete using FEM // Jacek Tejchman and Jerzy Bobiski

Pubbl/distr/stampa

Berlin ; ; New York, : Springer, 2012, c2013

ISBN

3-642-28463-9

Edizione

[1st ed.]

Descrizione fisica

1 online resource (416 p.)

Collana

Springer series in geomechanics and geoen지니어ing, , 1866-8763

Altri autori (Persone)

BobiskiJerzy

Disciplina

624.15136

Soggetti

Concrete construction - Mathematical models
Structural analysis (Engineering) - Mathematical models
Finite element method

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Inglese

Formato

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Nota di contenuto

Introduction -- General -- Literature Overview -- Theoretical Models
-- Discrete Lattice Model -- Epilogue.

Sommario/riassunto

The book analyzes a quasi-static fracture process in concrete and reinforced concrete by means of constitutive models formulated within continuum mechanics. A continuous and discontinuous modelling approach was used. Using a continuous approach, numerical analyses were performed using a finite element method and three different enhanced continuum models: isotropic elasto-plastic, isotropic damage and anisotropic smeared crack one. The models were equipped with a

characteristic length of micro-structure by means of a non-local and a second-gradient theory. So they could properly describe the formation of localized zones with a certain thickness and spacing and a related deterministic size effect. Using a discontinuous FE approach, numerical results of cracks using a cohesive crack model and XFEM were presented which were also properly regularized. Finite element analyses were performed with concrete elements under monotonic uniaxial compression, uniaxial tension, bending and shear-extension. Concrete beams under cyclic loading were also simulated using a coupled elasto-plastic-damage approach. Numerical simulations were performed at macro- and meso-level of concrete. A stochastic and deterministic size effect was carefully investigated. In the case of reinforced concrete specimens, FE calculations were carried out with bars, slender and short beams, columns, corbels and tanks. Tensile and shear failure mechanisms were studied. Numerical results were compared with results from corresponding own and known in the scientific literature laboratory and full-scale tests. .
