Record Nr. UNINA9910778087503321 Autore Allard Scott W Titolo Out of reach [[electronic resource]]: place, poverty, and the new American welfare state / / Scott W. Allard New Haven, : Yale University Press, c2009 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 9786612352058 0-300-15283-3 1-282-35205-9 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (1 online resource (xiv, 266 p.)): ill Disciplina 361.6/50973 Soggetti Human services - United States Welfare state - United States Federal aid to public welfare - United States Chicago (III.) Social policy Los Angeles (Calif.) Social policy Washington (D.C.) Social policy Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia "Published with assistance from the foundation established in memory Note generali of Philip Hamilton"--T.p. verso. Includes bibliographical references (p. 245-258) and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Preface -- Abbreviations -- Chapter 1. Introduction -- Chapter 2. Place, Poverty, and the New American Welfare State -- Chapter 3. Spatial Inequality in the Safety Net --Chapter 4. The Financing and Stability of Organizations Serving the Poor -- Chapter 5. A Comparison of Faith-Based and Secular Nonprofit Service Providers -- Chapter 6. The Politics of a Fragmented Welfare State -- Chapter 7. Repairing Holes in the Safety Net -- Technical Appendix -- Notes -- References -- Index Sommario/riassunto Sweeping changes in welfare programs since 1996 have transformed the way America cares for its poor. Today, for every dollar spent on cash welfare payments, some twenty dollars are spent on service programs targeted at the working poor-job training, adult education, child care, emergency assistance, mental health care, and other social

services. This important book examines our current system and the crucial role that geography plays in the system's ability to offer help.

Drawing on unique survey data from almost 1,500 faith-based and secular service organizations in three cities, Scott W. Allard examines which agencies are most accessible to poor populations and looks at the profound impact of unstable funding on assistance programs. Allard argues that the new system has become less equitable and reliable, and he concludes with practical policy recommendations that address some of the more pressing issues in improving the safety net.