

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910777918703321
Autore	St. Germain Jill <1962->
Titolo	Broken treaties [[electronic resource] ] : United States and Canadian relations with the Lakotas and the Plains Cree, 1868-1885 // Jill St. Germain
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Lincoln, : University of Nebraska Press, c2009
ISBN	1-282-13082-X 9786612130823 0-8032-2445-1
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (485 p.)
Disciplina	323.1197
Soggetti	Teton Indians - Government relations Teton Indians - History - 19th century Teton Indians Cree Indians - Government relations Cree Indians - History - 19th century Cree Indians
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Title Page; Copyright Page; Table of Contents; List of Illustrations; Acknowledgments; Introduction; 1. Separate Pasts; 2. Expectations and Promises; 3. Early Efforts in the United States, 1868-1871; 4. Early Efforts in Canada, 1876-1878; 5. Negotiating the Relationship: the treaty of 1868, 1871-1875; 6. Misunderstanding in Practice: Treaty Six, 1879-1884; 7. The Treaty of 1868 and the Peace Policy, 1875-1876; 8. Treaty Six and the Northwest Rebellion, 1885; Conclusion; Appendix A: 1868 Treaty with the Sioux; Appendix B: 1876 Treaties at Forts Carlton and Pitt, Number Six List of Abbreviations Notes; Bibliography; Index
Sommario/riassunto	Broken Treaties is a comparative assessment of Indian treaty negotiation and implementation focusing on the first decade following the United States-Lakota Treaty of 1868 and Treaty Six between Canada and the Plains Cree (1876). Jill St. Germain argues that the

"broken treaties" label imposed by nineteenth-century observers and perpetuated in the historical literature has obscured the implementation experience of both Native and non-Native participants and distorted our understanding of the relationships between them. As a result, historians have ignored the role of the Treaty of 1868 as the i

---