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| 1. Record Nr. | UNINA9910797713403321 |
| Titolo | The \$13 trillion question : how America manages its debt / / David Wessel, editor |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Washington, District of Columbia : , : Brookings Institution Press, , 2016 ©2016 |
| ISBN | 0-8157-2706-2 0-8157-2707-0 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource |
| Disciplina | 336.3/40973 |
| Soggetti | Debts, Public - United States Finance, Public - United States Fiscal policy - United States Monetary policy - United States |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | Front Cover -- Title Page -- Copyright Information -- Table of Contents -- Acknowledgments -- Preface -- The Optimal Maturity of Government Debt -- Debt Management Conflicts Between the U.S. Treasury and the Federal Reserve -- A New Structure for U.S. Federal Debt -- Concluding Observations -- Contributors -- Index -- Back Cover. |
| Sommario/riassunto | The underexamined art and science of managing the federal government's huge debt.Everyone talks about the size of the U.S. national debt, now at 13 trillion and climbing, but few talk about how the U.S. Treasury does the borrowing-even though it is one of the world's largest borrowers. Everyone from bond traders to the home-buying public is affected by the Treasury's decisions about whether to borrow short or long term and what types of bonds to sell to investors. What is the best way for the Treasury to finance the government's huge debt? Harvard's Robin Greenwood, Sam Hanson, Joshua Rudolph, and Larry Summers argue that the Treasury could save taxpayers money |

and help the economy by borrowing more short term and less long term. They also argue that the Treasury and the Federal Reserve made a huge mistake in recent years by rowing in opposite directions: while the Fed was buying long-term bonds to push investors into other assets, the Treasury was doing the opposite-selling investors more long-term bonds. This book includes responses from a variety of public and private sector experts on how the Treasury does its borrowing, some of whom have criticized the way the Treasury has been managing its borrowing.

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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910777726303321 |
| Autore | Weiss Richard M (Richard Mark), <1946-> |
| Titolo | Quadrangular algebras [[electronic resource] /] / Richard M. Weiss |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Princeton, N.J., : Princeton University Press, c2006 |
| ISBN | 1-282-12946-5 9786612129469 1-4008-2694-2 |
| Edizione | [Course Book] |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (146 p.) |
| Collana | Mathematical notes ; ; 46 Princeton paperbacks |
| Classificazione | 31.20 |
| Disciplina | 512.7/4 |
| Soggetti | Forms, Quadratic Algebra |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Note generali | Description based upon print version of record. |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references (p. [133]) and index. |
| Nota di contenuto | Frontmatter -- Contents -- Preface -- Chapter One. Basic Definitions -- Chapter Two. Quadratic Forms -- Chapter Three. Quadrangular Algebras -- Chapter Four. Proper Quadrangular Algebras -- Chapter Five. Special Quadrangular Algebras -- Chapter Six. Regular Quadrangular Algebras -- Chapter Seven. Defective Quadrangular Algebras -- Chapter Eight. Isotopes -- Chapter Nine. Improper Quadrangular Algebras -- Chapter Ten. Existence -- Chapter Eleven. Moufang Quadrangles -- Chapter Twelve. The Structure Group -- Bibliography -- Index |

This book introduces a new class of non-associative algebras related to certain exceptional algebraic groups and their associated buildings. Richard Weiss develops a theory of these "quadrangular algebras" that opens the first purely algebraic approach to the exceptional Moufang quadrangles. These quadrangles include both those that arise as the spherical buildings associated to groups of type E6, E7, and E8 as well as the exotic quadrangles "of type F4" discovered earlier by Weiss. Based on their relationship to exceptional algebraic groups, quadrangular algebras belong in a series together with alternative and Jordan division algebras. Formally, the notion of a quadrangular algebra is derived from the notion of a pseudo-quadratic space (introduced by Jacques Tits in the study of classical groups) over a quaternion division ring. This book contains the complete classification of quadrangular algebras starting from first principles. It also shows how this classification can be made to yield the classification of exceptional Moufang quadrangles as a consequence. The book closes with a chapter on isotopes and the structure group of a quadrangular algebra. Quadrangular Algebras is intended for graduate students of mathematics as well as specialists in buildings, exceptional algebraic groups, and related algebraic structures including Jordan algebras and the algebraic theory of quadratic forms.
