Record Nr. UNINA9910777574003321 When states kill [[electronic resource]]: Latin America, the U.S., and **Titolo** technologies of terror / / edited by Cecilia Menjivar and Nestor Rodriguez Austin,: University of Texas Press, 2005 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 0-292-79670-6 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (389 p.) Altri autori (Persone) MenjivarCecilia RodriguezNestor Disciplina 303.6/25/098 Soggetti State-sponsored terrorism - Latin America Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto State terror in the U.S.-Latin American interstate regime / Cecilia Menjivar and Nestor Rodriguez -- Operation Condor as a hemispheric "counterterror" organization / J. Patrice McSherry -- "The blood of the people": the Guardia Nacional's fifty-year war against the people of Nicaragua, 1927-1979 / Richard Grossman -- The culture and politics of state terror and repression in El Salvador / Aldo A. Lauria-Santiago -- Caught in the crossfire: militarization, paramilitarization, and state violence in Oaxaca, Mexico / Kristin Norget -- Bloody deeds/hechos sangrientos: reading Guatemala's record of political violence in cadaver reports / M. Gabriela Torres -- U.S. militarization of Honduras in the 1980s and the creation of CIA-backed death squads / Joan Kruckewitt -- "No hay rosas sin espinas" : statecraft in Costa Rica / Annamarie Oliverio and Pat Lauderdale -- The Colombian nightmare: human rights abuses and the contradictory effects of U.S. foreign policy / John C. Dugas -- The path of state terror in Peru / Abderrahman Beggar --Turning on their masters: state terrorism and unlearning democracy in Uruguay / Jeffrey J. Ryan -- Producing and exporting state terror : the case of Argentina / Ariel C. Armony -- New responses to state terror / Cecilia Menjivar and Nestor Rodriguez Since the early twentieth century, technological transfers from the Sommario/riassunto

United States to Latin American countries have involved technologies of violence for social control. As the chapters in this book illustrate, these

technological transfers have taken various forms, including the training of Latin American military personnel in surveillance and torture and the provision of political and logistic support for campaigns of state terror. The human cost for Latin America has been enormous—thousands of Latin Americans have been murdered, disappeared, or tortured, and whole communities have been terrorized into silence. Organized by region, the essays in this book address the topic of state-sponsored terrorism in a variety of ways. Most take the perspective that statedirected political violence is a modern development of a regional political structure in which U.S. political interests weigh heavily. Others acknowledge that Latin American states enthusiastically received U.S. support for their campaigns of terror. A few see local culture and history as key factors in the implementation of state campaigns of political violence. Together, all the essays exemplify how technologies of terror have been transferred among various Latin American countries, with particular attention to the role that the United States, as a "strong" state, has played in such transfers.