

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910465053003321
Autore	Volkan Vamik D. <1932->
Titolo	Blind trust : large groups and their leaders in times of crisis and terror / / Vamik Volkan
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Charlottesville, Virginia : , : Pitchstone Publishing, , [2004] ©2004
ISBN	1-939578-81-7
Edizione	[First edition.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (369 p.)
Disciplina	302.4
Soggetti	Group identity Social psychology Crises - Psychological aspects Regression (Psychology) Trust Civic leaders Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 331-350) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction : from the couch to the negotiating table -- The seven threads of large-group identity -- Regression : plunging back into a world of fear and desire -- Rituals that bind people together -- From Waco to the Bamian Valley -- From the Bamian Valley to the war in Iraq -- "A decisive trifle" -- Force of narcissism -- Leaders as teachers -- Albania : from regression to progression.
Sommario/riassunto	Blind Trust is the culmination of more than three decades of profound immersion in the most pressing sociopolitical conflicts of our time, by the psychoanalyst with probably the most direct experience with such issues of any in the world. Author Vamik Volkan applies his knowledge of depth psychology to the turbulent and destructive human experiences in the current cauldrons of the greatest unrest and disaster throughout Europe, Asia, and the Middle East. Illuminating the etiologic bases of war, revolution, massacres, and terror, as these have disturbed the world from ancient times

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910777342303321
Titolo	The development of accounting in an international context : a festschrift in honour of R.H. Parker / / edited by T.E. Cooke and C.W. Nobes
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 1997
ISBN	1-134-73174-4 1-134-73175-2 1-280-47848-9 9786610478484 0-203-01341-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (273 p.)
Collana	Routledge international studies in business history ; ; 2
Altri autori (Persone)	ParkerR. H (Robert Henry) CookeTerence E. <1952-> NobesChristopher
Disciplina	657/.09
Soggetti	Accounting - History International business enterprises - Accounting Accountants Comparative accounting
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	TITLE; COPYRIGHT; CONTENTS; ILLUSTRATIONS; CONTRIBUTORS; FOREWORD; 1. INTRODUCTION; 2. DIVERSITY IN MERCANTILE ACCOUNTING IN WESTERN EUROPE, 1300-1800; 3. THE INFLUENCE OF THE INDIVIDUAL IN THE PROFESSIONALISATION OF ACCOUNTANCY; 4. THE INCORPORATED INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANTS, VICTORIA (1886); 5. PRACTITIONER PERSPECTIVES ON PERSONAL CONDUCT; 6. THE ORIGINS OF THE NO-LIABILITY MINING COMPANY AND ITS ACCOUNTING REGULATIONS; 7. ANOTHER LOOK AT THE DEPRIVAL VALUE APPROACH TO DEPRECIATION; 8. THE END OF THE CURRENT COST REVOLUTION; 9. PLAYING THE CONGRESSIONAL CARD ON EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS 10. FOREIGN COMPANY LISTINGS ON THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE11. THE DEVELOPMENT OF ACCOUNTING RESEARCH IN THE

Sommario/riassunto

This volume brings together contributions from the world's most renowned scholars in accounting and celebrates the academic achievements of Bob Parker. Reflecting his multi-faceted contribution to the history of accountancy, the volume studies the development of accounting in an international context.

3. Record Nr.

UNINA9910785517203321

Autore

Saideman Stephen M

Titolo

For kin or country : xenophobia, nationalism, and war / / Stephen M. Saideman, R. William Ayres

Pubbl/distr/stampa

New York : , : Columbia University Press, , 2008
©2008

ISBN

0-231-51449-2

Descrizione fisica

1 online resource (xi, 288 pages) : illustrations, maps

Classificazione

MG 80090

Altri autori (Persone)

AyresR. William

Disciplina

320.540947

Soggetti

Nationalism - Europe, Eastern
Nationalism - Former Soviet republics
Post-communism - Europe, Eastern
Post-communism - Former Soviet republics
Xenophobia - Europe, Eastern
Xenophobia - Former Soviet republics
Europe, Eastern Ethnic relations Political aspects
Europe, Eastern Ethnic relations
Europe, Eastern Politics and government 1989-
Former Soviet republics Ethnic relations Political aspects
Former Soviet republics Ethnic relations
Former Soviet republics Politics and government

Lingua di pubblicazione

Inglese

Formato

Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico

Monografia

Nota di bibliografia

Includes bibliographical references (p. [253]-275) and index.

Nota di contenuto

Frontmatter -- Contents -- Acknowledgments -- List of tables and figures -- Introduction to the 2015 Edition -- Introduction -- 1.

Irredentism and Its Absence -- 2. Dueling Irredentisms -- 3. Reunification at Any Price -- 4. Pushing the Envelope -- 5. Romania's Restraint? -- 6. Breaking Up Is Hard to Do -- 7. War and Peace in Eastern Europe, the Former Soviet Union, and Beyond -- 8. Findings and Implications -- References -- INDEX

Sommario/riassunto

The collapse of an empire can result in the division of families and the redrawing of geographical boundaries. New leaders promise the return of people and territories that may have been lost in the past, often advocating aggressive foreign policies that can result in costly and devastating wars. The final years of the Austro-Hungarian and Ottoman empires, the end of European colonization in Africa and Asia, and the demise of the Soviet Union were all accompanied by war and atrocity. These efforts to reunite lost kin are known as irredentism-territorial claims based on shared ethnic ties made by one state to a minority population residing within another state. For Kin or Country explores this phenomenon, investigating why the collapse of communism prompted more violence in some instances and less violence in others. Despite the tremendous political and economic difficulties facing all former communist states during their transition to a market democracy, only Armenia, Croatia, and Serbia tried to upset existing boundaries. Hungary, Romania, and Russia practiced much more restraint. The authors examine various explanations for the causes of irredentism and for the pursuit of less antagonistic policies, including the efforts by Western Europe to tame Eastern Europe. Ultimately, the authors find that internal forces drive irredentist policy even at the risk of a country's self-destruction and that xenophobia may have actually worked to stabilize many postcommunist states in Eastern Europe. Events in Russia and Eastern Europe in 2014 have again brought irredentism into the headlines. In a new Introduction, the authors address some of the events and dynamics that have developed since the original version of the book was published. By focusing on how nationalist identity interact with the interests of politicians, For Kin or Country explains why some states engage in aggressive irredentism and when others forgo those opportunities that is as relevant to Russia and Ukraine in 2014 as it was for Serbia, Croatia, and Armenia in the 1990s.
