1. Record Nr. UNINA9910768453503321 Knowledge acquisition, modeling and management: 11th European **Titolo** workshop, EKAW '99, Dagstuhl Castle, Germany, May 26-29, 1999: proceedings / / Dieter Fensel, Rudi Studer, editors Berlin; Heidelberg:,: Springer Verlag,, [1999] Pubbl/distr/stampa ©1999 **ISBN** 3-540-48775-1 Edizione [1st ed. 1999.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XII, 412 p.) Collana Lecture Notes in Artificial Intelligence;; 1621 Disciplina 006.33 Soggetti Knowledge acquisition (Expert systems) Database management Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph Note generali Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and Nota di bibliografia index. Invited Papers -- Reengineering and Knowledge Management --Nota di contenuto Knowledge Navigation in Networked Digital Libraries -- Long Papers --Towards Brokering Problem-Solving Knowledge on the Internet --TERMINAE: A Linguistics-Based Tool for the Building of a Domain Ontology -- Applications of Knowledge Acquisition in Experimental Software Engineering -- Acquiring and Structuring Web Content with Knowledge Level Models -- A Knowledge-Based News Server Supporting Ontology-Driven Story Enrichment and Knowledge Retrieval -- Modeling Information Sources for Information Integration --Ontological Reengineering for Reuse -- Formally Verifying Dynamic Properties of Knowledge Based Systems -- Integration of Behavioural Requirements Specification within Knowledge Engineering -- Towards an Ontology for Substances and Related Actions -- Use of Formal Ontologies to Support Error Checking in Specifications -- The Ontologies of Semantic and Transfer Links -- Distributed Problem Solving Environment Dedicated to DNA Sequence Annotation --Knowledge Acquisition from Multiple Experts Based on Semantics of Concepts -- Acquiring Expert Knowledge for the Design of Conceptual Information Systems -- A Constraint-Based Approach to the

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Sommario/riassunto

Past, Present, and Future of Knowledge Acquisition This book contains the proceedings of the 11th European Workshop on Kno- edge Acquisition, Modeling, and Management (EKAW '99), held at Dagstuhl Castle (Germany) in May of 1999. This continuity and the high number of s- missions re?ect the mature status of the knowledge acquisition community. Knowledge Acquisition started as an attempt to solve the main bottleneck in developing expert systems (now called knowledgebased systems): Acquiring knowledgefromahumanexpert. Variousmethodsandtoolshavebeendeveloped to improve this process. These approaches signi?cantly reduced the cost of - veloping knowledge-based systems. However, these systems often only partially ful?lled the taskthey weredevelopedfor andmaintenanceremainedanunsolved problem. This required a paradigm shift that views the development process of knowledgebased systems as a modeling activity. Instead of simply transf-ring human knowledge into machine-readable code, building a knowledgebased system is now viewed as a modeling activity. A so-called knowledge model is constructed in interaction with users and experts. This model need not nec-sarily re?ect the already available human expertise. Instead it should provide a knowledgelevelcharacterization of the knowledgethat is required by the system to solve the application task. Economy and quality in system development and maintainability are achieved by reusable problem-solving methods and onto- gies. The former describe the reasoning process of the knowledge-based system (i. e., the algorithms it uses) and the latter describe the knowledge structures it uses (i. e., the data structures). Both abstract from speci?c application and domain speci?c circumstances to enable knowledge reuse.