

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910765858803321
Autore	Smith Jennifer L. <1971->
Titolo	Phonological augmentation in prominent positions / / Jennifer L. Smith
Pubbl/distr/stampa	2004 Abingdon, Oxon : , : Routledge, , 2017 ©2005
ISBN	9786610226184 9781135875992 1135875995 9781135876005 1135876002 9781280226182 1280226188 9780203506394 0203506391
Edizione	[1st]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (323 p.)
Collana	Outstanding dissertations in linguistics
Classificazione	LAN000000LAN009000
Disciplina	414
Soggetti	Grammar, Comparative and general - Phonology Psycholinguistics Optimality theory (Linguistics)
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Revised version of the author's dissertation, University of Massachusetts, Amhurst, 2002.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Pages:1 to 25; Pages:26 to 50; Pages:51 to 75; Pages:76 to 100; Pages:101 to 125; Pages:126 to 150; Pages:151 to 175; Pages:176 to 200; Pages:201 to 225; Pages:226 to 250; Pages:251 to 275; Pages:276 to 300; Pages:301 to 323
Sommario/riassunto	Phonologically prominent or "strong" positions are well known for their ability to resist positional neutralization processes such as vowel reduction or place assimilation. However, there are also cases of neutralization that affect only strong positions, as when stressed syllables must be heavy, default stress is inserted into roots, or word-initial onsets must be low in sonority. In this book, Jennifer Smith

shows that phonological processes specific to strong positions are distinct from those involved in classic positional neutralization effects because they always serve to augment the strong position with a perceptually salient characteristic. Formally, positional augmentation effects are modeled by means of markedness constraints relativized to strong positions. Because positional augmentation constraints are subject to certain substantive restrictions, as seen in their connection to perceptual salience, this study has implications for the relationship between functional grounding and phonological theory.
