

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910765816003321
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Titolo	Planning for crime prevention : a transatlantic perspective // Richard H. Schneider and Ted Kitchen
Pubbl/distr/stampa	2004 Abingdon, Oxon ; ; New York, NY : , : Routledge, , 2017 ©2002
ISBN	9781134549252 1134549253 9781280047619 1280047615 9780415241373 0415241375 9781134549269 1134549261 9780203645055 0203645057
Descrizione fisica	xxiv, 331 p. : ill
Collana	RTPI library series
Classificazione	ARC0000000ARC008000
Disciplina	364.4/9/0941
Soggetti	Crime prevention - United States Crime prevention - Great Britain City planning - United States City planning - Great Britain Crime prevention and architectural design
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Machine generated contents note: PART 1 CONTEXT AND KEY IDEAS 1 -- 01 Crime, costs and the quality of life 3 -- 02 Crime trends in the USA and in Britain 29 -- 03 Echoes from the past: caves, castles, citadels, walls and trenches 65 -- 04 Basic theories and principles of place-based crime prevention planning 91 --PART 2 POLICY AND PRACTICE 119 -- 05 American policy and practice 121 -- 06 Case

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Sommario/riassunto

Crime and the fear of crime are issues high in public concern and on political agendas in most developed countries. This book takes these issues and relates them to the contribution that urban planners and participative planning processes can make in response to these problems. Its focus is thus on the extent to which crime opportunities can be prevented or reduced through the design, planning and management of the built environment. The perspective of the book is transatlantic and comparative, not only because ideas and inspiration in this and many other fields increasingly move between countries but also because there is a great deal of relevant theoretical material and practice in both the USA and the UK which has not previously been pulled together in this systemic manner.
