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Nota di contenuto	1. Climate Change and Global Crop Production: An Inclusive Insight -- 2. Uptake and Use Efficiency of Major Plant Nutrients for Climate Resilient Agriculture -- 3. Improving Land Use Efficiency for Climate Resilient Agriculture -- 4. Climate Resilient Fertilizer Management for Crop Production -- 5. Modern Agronomic Measurement for Climate Resilient Agriculture -- 6. Crop Management for Sustainable Wheat Production -- 7. Climate Resilient Weed Management for Crop Production -- 8. Climate Resilient Technology for Maize Production -- 9. Climate Resilience Technologies for Wheat production -- 10. Improving Plant Nutrient Use Efficiency for Climate Resilient Agriculture -- 11. Biochar for Plant Stress Tolerance for Climate Resilient Agriculture -- 12. Chitosan for Plant Growth and Stress Tolerance -- 13. Exogenous Application of Biostimulants and Commercial Utilization -- 14. Crosstalk of Biostimulants with Other Signaling Molecules under Abiotic Stress -- 15. Abiotic Stress Sensitivity and Adaptation in Field Crops,- 16. Biostimulants for Plant Abiotic Stress Resistance and Climate-Resilient Agriculture -- 17. Approaches in Enhancing Salt Tolerance in Plants -- 18. Mechanism and Approaches to Enhance Salt Stress Tolerance in Crop Plants -- 19. Mechanisms and Approaches of Enhancing Drought Stress Tolerance in Crops Plants -- 20. Conferring

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Sommario/riassunto

Under ongoing climate change, natural and cultivated habitats of major food crops are being continuously disturbed. Such condition accelerates to impose stress effects like abiotic and biotic stressors. Drought, salinity, flood, cold, heat, heavy metals, metalloids, oxidants, irradiation etc. are important abiotic stresses; and diseases and infections caused by plant pathogens viz. fungal agents, bacteria and viruses are major biotic stresses. As a result, these harsh environments affect crop productivity and its biology in multiple complex paradigms. As stresses become the limiting factors for agricultural productivity and exert detrimental role on growth and yield of the crops, scientists and researchers are challenged to maintain global food security for a rising world population. This two-volume work highlights the fast-moving agricultural research on crop improvement through the stress mitigation strategies, with specific focuses on crop biology and their response to climatic instabilities. Together with "Climate Resilient Agriculture, Vol 1: Crop Responses and Agroecological Perspectives", it covers a wide range of topics under environmental challenges, agronomy and agriculture processes, and biotechnological approaches, uniquely suitable for scientists, researchers and students working in the fields of agriculture, plant science, environmental biology and biotechnology.
