Record Nr.	UNINA9910739481703321
Autore	Meinrenken Eckhard
Titolo	Clifford Algebras and Lie Theory / / by Eckhard Meinrenken
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2013
ISBN	3-642-36216-8
Edizione	[1st ed. 2013.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (321 p.)
Collana	Ergebnisse der Mathematik und ihrer Grezgebiete. ; ; 3. Folge, Volume 58
Disciplina	512.57
Soggetti	Topological groups Lie groups Associative rings Rings (Algebra) Mathematical physics Differential geometry Physics Topological Groups, Lie Groups Associative Rings and Algebras Mathematical Applications in the Physical Sciences Differential Geometry Mathematical Methods in Physics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Originally published: 2013.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preface Conventions List of Symbols 1 Symmetric bilinear forms 2 Clifford algebras 3 The spin representation 4 Covariant and contravariant spinors 5 Enveloping algebras 6 Weil algebras 7 Quantum Weil algebras 8 Applications to reductive Lie algebras 9 D(g; k) as a geometric Dirac operator 10 The Hopf– Koszul–Samelson Theorem 11 The Clifford algebra of a reductive Lie algebras A Graded and filtered super spaces B Reductive Lie algebras C Background on Lie groups References Index.
Sommario/riassunto	This monograph provides an introduction to the theory of Clifford algebras, with an emphasis on its connections with the theory of Lie

groups and Lie algebras. The book starts with a detailed presentation of the main results on symmetric bilinear forms and Clifford algebras. It develops the spin groups and the spin representation, culminating in Cartan's famous triality automorphism for the group Spin(8). The discussion of enveloping algebras includes a presentation of Petracci's proof of the Poincaré-Birkhoff-Witt theorem. This is followed by discussions of Weil algebras, Chern--Weil theory, the quantum Weil algebra, and the cubic Dirac operator. The applications to Lie theory include Duflo's theorem for the case of guadratic Lie algebras, multiplets of representations, and Dirac induction. The last part of the book is an account of Kostant's structure theory of the Clifford algebra over a semisimple Lie algebra. It describes his "Clifford algebra analogue" of the Hopf-Koszul-Samelson theorem, and explains his fascinating conjecture relating the Harish-Chandra projection for Clifford algebras to the principal sl(2) subalgebra. Aside from these beautiful applications, the book will serve as a convenient and up-todate reference for background material from Clifford theory, relevant for students and researchers in mathematics and physics.