1. Record Nr. UNINA9910720085803321

Autore Gordon Cameron <1945->

Titolo Many Possible Worlds: An Interdisciplinary History of the World

Economy Since 1800 / / Cameron Gordon

Pubbl/distr/stampa Singapore : , : Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd., , [2023]

©2023

ISBN 981-19-9281-9

Edizione [First edition.]

Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (1061 pages)

Disciplina 330.9

Soggetti Economic history

History, Modern

Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese

Formato Materiale a stampa

Livello bibliografico Monografia

Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index.

Sommario/riassunto This book provides a crosscutting interdisciplinary account of how the

disintegrated, global subsistence economy circa 1800 has transformed into a global complex delivering unprecedented levels of material production and consumption. Applying major findings from economics, history/historiography, and sociology (as well as from anthropology, psychology, politics, and environmental studies), the analysis tracks the ways in which changes in 'society' (including social structures, values, and forces) have changed 'individuals' (including conceptions of race, gender, and identity) and vice versa. These changes have simultaneously homogenised and diversified societies and individuals in distinct but sometimes contradictory ways, opening up many possible worlds from an individual and group perspective. Yet, the scale and pace of change has also led to increasing existential challenges. The narrative consists of 30 chapters organized into 10 subsets of 3: one chapter on a relevant core idea; one chapter focused on historical narrative and titled after a representative year; and one chapter on a relevant associated crosscutting theme. Major regional and topical discussions are provided, with special attention paid to business and organisational change and developing world scholarship.

Small discussion 'boxes' focusing on illustrative cases and details are

presented throughout the book. The last chapter contains over-arching conclusions.