

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910716780703321
Autore	Hsia Tao-tai <1921-2020, >
Titolo	Materials relevant to regulatory efforts in the People's Republic of China
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : Law Library, Library of Congress, , 1981
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (7 pages)
Soggetti	Delegated legislation - China China
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Typescript. "Prepared by Tao-tai Hsia and Kathryn A. Haun"--Page 7. "March 1981"--Page 7.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9911007352703321
Titolo	Practical Wisdom and Resilience Overcoming Downside Risk : Grassroots Voices in Africa Under COVID-19 // edited by Kazuyo Hanai, Rangarirai Gavin Muchetu, Laban Kithinji Kinyua, Yoichi Mine
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Springer Nature Singapore : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2025
ISBN	981-9644-55-0
Edizione	[1st ed. 2025.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XI, 175 p. 17 illus., 7 illus. in color.)
Disciplina	361.61
Soggetti	Social policy Regional economics Space in economics Africa - Politics and government Africa - Economic conditions Ethnology - Africa Culture Social Policy Regional and Spatial Economics African Politics African Economics African Culture
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- COVID-19 as Downside Risk -- Risk Perceptions of COVID-19 in African seven countries -- Middle-class experience of COVID-19 in South Africa -- Agriculture and comparison of COVID-19 perception in rural and urban.
Sommario/riassunto	This book classifies and assesses the real and perceived risks associated with both the Covid-19 pandemic and government responses to it in seven African countries — DR Congo, Kenya, Ethiopia, South Africa, Tanzania, Uganda, and Zimbabwe — based on large scale quantitative and qualitative surveys conducted in 2022–2024. It also elucidates the people's resilience in overcoming the risks within their

political, social, and cultural context. Although research on COVID-19 has been conducted in various fields, particularly in the medical field, the analytical perspective of this book is unique. COVID-19 prevention policies are considered to have seriously increased other risks, such as hunger, other infectious diseases, interruption of education, and various types of human rights violations, including increased conflict, violence against civilians, and political abuse. Therefore, this book argues that COVID-19 prevention policies, as well as the pandemic itself, should be regarded as the downside risk that triggers the deterioration of the other potential risks to vulnerable people. Depicted here is the account of how trust in government, community, and family, within the existing political, social, and cultural environment, created pandemic politics, as elections during the pandemic instrumentalized and politicized government prevention measures. Economic distress threatened people's lives more than COVID-19 during lockdowns and severe behavioral restrictions, and the spread of misinformation discouraged people from being vaccinated. This book will be useful to policy makers and practitioners in international society who are preparing for the next pandemic based on the lessons learned from the COVID-19 pandemic.

---