1. Record Nr. UNINA9910716503503321

Titolo	Alvin H. Tinker. April 15, 1926. -- Committed to the Committee of the Whole House and ordered to be printed
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Washington, D.C.] : , : [U.S. Government Printing Office], , 1926
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (1 page)
Collana	House report / 69th Congress, 1st session. House ; ; no. 904 [United States congressional serial set] ; ; [serial no. 8536.]
Altri autori (Persone)	FisherHubert Frederick <1877-1941> (Democrat (TN))
Soggetti	Claims Desertion, Military Desertion, Naval Legislative materials. United States History Civil War, 1861-1865
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Batch processed record: Metadata reviewed, not verified. Some fields updated by batch processes. FDLP item number not assigned.

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910576872303321

Autore	Capodaglio Paolo
Titolo	Wearables for Movement Analysis in Healthcare
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2022
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (252 p.)
Soggetti	Biochemistry Biology, life sciences Research and information: general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Quantitative movement analysis is widely used in clinical practice and research to investigate movement disorders objectively and in a complete way. Conventionally, body segment kinematic and kinetic parameters are measured in gait laboratories using marker-based optoelectronic systems, force plates, and electromyographic systems. Although movement analyses are considered accurate, the availability of specific laboratories, high costs, and dependency on trained users sometimes limit its use in clinical practice. A variety of compact wearable sensors are available today and have allowed researchers and clinicians to pursue applications in which individuals are monitored in their homes and in community settings within different fields of study, such movement analysis. Wearable sensors may thus contribute to the implementation of quantitative movement analyses even during out-patient use to reduce evaluation times and to provide objective, quantifiable data on the patients' capabilities, unobtrusively and continuously, for clinical purposes.