

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910704116303321
Autore	Reed John Calvin <1905-1993, >
Titolo	Nickel-copper deposit at Snipe Bay, Baranof Island, Alaska / / by John C. Reed and George O. Gates
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Washington, D.C.] : , : United States Department of the Interior, Geological Survey, , 1942 Washington : , : United States Government Printing Office
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (iii, 321-330 pages, 1 unnumbered page of plates) : illustrations (some color)
Collana	Bulletin / United States Department of the Interior, Geological Survey ; ; 936-M
Soggetti	Nickel ores - Alaska - Baranof Island Copper ores - Alaska - Baranof Island Mines and mineral resources - Alaska - Baranof Island Copper ores Mines and mineral resources Nickel ores Baranof Island (Alaska) Alaska Alaska Baranof Island
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from title screen (viewed July 10, 2014).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910787547403321
Autore	Friedrichs Jorg
Titolo	The future is not what it used to be : climate change and energy scarcity // Jorg Friedrichs
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge, Mass., : MIT Press, ©2013
ISBN	0-262-31663-3 1-4619-3801-5 0-262-31662-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (224 p.)
Disciplina	333.79
Soggetti	Climatic changes Global environmental change Power resources - Environmental aspects Energy policy Environmental policy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Contents; Preface; Acknowledgments; 1 The Transitory Nature of Industrial Society; 2 Climate Change and Energy Scarcity; 3 What the Climate Can Change; 4 When Energy Runs Short; 5 The Struggle over Knowledge; 6 The Moral Economy of Inaction; 7 Where to Go from Here; Notes; References; Index
Sommario/riassunto	"The future is not what it used to be because we can no longer rely on the comforting assumption that it will resemble the past. Past abundance of fuel, for example, does not imply unending abundance. Infinite growth on a finite planet is not possible. In this book, Jorg Friedrichs argues that industrial society itself is transitory, and he examines the prospects for our civilization's coming to terms with its two most imminent choke points: climate change and energy scarcity. He offers a thorough and accessible account of these two challenges as well as the linkages between them. Friedrichs contends that industrial civilization cannot outlast our ability to burn fossil fuels and that the demise of industrial society would entail cataclysmic change, including population decreases. To understand the social and political

implications, he examines historical cases of climate stress and energy scarcity: devastating droughts in the ancient Near East; the Little Ice Age in the medieval Far North; the Japanese struggle to prevent 'fuel starvation' from 1918 to 1945; the 'totalitarian retrenchment' of the North Korean governing class after the end of Soviet oil deliveries; and Cuba's socioeconomic adaptation to fuel scarcity in the 1990s. He draws important lessons about the likely effects of climate and energy disruptions on different kinds of societies. The warnings of climate scientists are met by denial and inaction, while energy experts offer little guidance on the effects of future scarcity. Friedrichs suggests that to confront our predicament we must affirm our core values and take action to transform our way of life. Whether we are private citizens or public officials, complacency is not an option: climate change and energy scarcity are emerging facts of life."--Publisher's description.

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