1. Record Nr. UNINA9910695955703321

Autore	Gilmore J. Michael
Titolo	The Navy's 2008 Shipbuilding Plan and Key Ship Programs [[electronic resource]] : statement of J. Michael Gilmore, assistant director for National Security and Eric J. Labs, senior analyst, before the Subcommittee on Seapower and Expeditionary Forces, Committee on Armed Services, U.S. House of Representatives
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Washington, D.C.] : , : U.S. Congressional Budget Office, , [2007]
Descrizione fisica	22 pages : digital, PDF file
Altri autori (Persone)	LabsEric Jackson
Soggetti	Marine engineering Shipbuilding Navies Sea-power
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from title screen (viewed on July 24, 2007). "July 24, 2007."

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910746989903321

Autore	Eich Thomas
Titolo	Adam und Embryo : Ein Beitrag zur Erforschung der Adamsgeschichte in judischen, christlichen und islamischen Texten bis zum Ende des ersten Jahrtausends / / Thomas Eich, Doru Constantin Doroftei
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Baden-Baden : , : Ergon, , 2023
ISBN	3-9874006-5-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (340 pages)
Collana	Recht, Ethik und Gesellschaft im Vorderen Orient ; ; 3
Disciplina	222.11092
Soggetti	Human beings
Lingua di pubblicazione	Tedesco
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Titelei/Inhaltsverzeichnis -- Einleitung -- Teil I Zur Entwicklung der Adamsgeschichte bis zum 7. Jahrhundert -- Teil II Zur koranischen Embyrologie -- Teil III Nu?fa, ?alaqa und mu?ga in außerkoranischem Textmaterial -- Bibliographie -- Appendix A: Findet sich im Korantext nicht doch die Idee der Individualbeseelung? -- Appendix B: Der Koran und die Infantizid-Debatte: zum Begriff maw?uda in Q 81:8.
Sommario/riassunto	Das Buch analysiert kritisch die Idee, im Korantext des 7. Jahrhunderts fanden sich Passagen, die damalige medizinische Ideen von der Entstehung der Menschen durch Schwangerschaft reflektieren. Es zeigt sich, dass der Koran diesbezuglich auf ein reiches Erbe an Motiven zuruckgreift, wobei sich eine aus judisch-palastinensischen Texten des 6. Jahrhunderts bekannte Vorstellung als zentral erweist: das Wachstum eines jeden Embryos laufe so ab, wie Gott den ersten Menschen erschaffen habe. Das Bild von "Adam und Embryo" begleitete die fruhislamische Geistesgeschichte noch uber mehrere Jahrhunderte, bevor es allmahlich in Vergessenheit geriet.

3. Record Nr. UNINA9910971467503321

Titolo	Solvent effects and chemical reactivity / / edited by Orlando Tapia and Juan Bertran
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Dordrecht ; ; Boston, : Kluwer Academic Publishers, c1996
ISBN	1-280-20541-5 9786610205417 0-306-46931-6
Edizione	[1st ed. 2002.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (390 p.)
Collana	Understanding chemical reactivity ; ; v. 17
Altri autori (Persone)	TapiaOrlando <1938-> BertranJ <1931-> (Juan)
Disciplina	541.3/4
Soggetti	Reactivity (Chemistry) Solution (Chemistry) Solvation Solvents
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Continuum Solvation Models -- Theoretical Basis for the Treatment of Solvent Effects in the Context of Density Functional Theory -- Monte Carlo Simulations of Chemical Reactions in Solution -- Computer Simulation for Chemical Systems: from Vacuum to Solution -- Crossing the Transition State in Solution -- Valence Bond Multistate Approach to Chemical Reactions in Solution -- Quantum Theory of Solvent Effects and Chemical Reactions.
Sommario/riassunto	This book gathers original contributions from a selected group of distinguished researchers that are actively working in the theory and practical applications of solvent effects and chemical reactions. The importance of getting a good understanding of surrounding media effects on chemical reacting system is difficult to overestimate. Applications go from condensed phase chemistry, biochemical reactions in vitro to biological systems in vivo. Catalysis is a phenomenon produced by a particular system interacting with the reacting subsystem. The result may be an increment of the chemical rate or sometimes a decreased one. At the bottom, catalytic sources

can be characterized as a special kind of surrounding medium effect. The materials involving in catalysis may range from inorganic components as in zeolites, homogenous components, enzymes, catalytic antibodies, and ceramic materials. . With the enormous progress achieved by computing technology, an increasing number of models and phenomenological approaches are being used to describe the effects of a given surrounding medium on the electronic properties of selected subsystem. A number of quantum chemical methods and programs, currently applied to calculate in vacuum systems, have been supplemented with a variety of model representations. With the increasing number of methodologies applied to this important field, it is becoming more and more difficult for non-specialist to cope with theoretical developments and extended applications. For this and other reasons, it is was deemed timely to produce a book where methodology and applications were analyzed and reviewed by leading experts in the field.