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	Titolo	Advanced Hydrologic Modeling in Watershed Scales // Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Place of publication not identified] : , : MDPI, , 2023
	ISBN	3-0365-7114-0
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource
	Disciplina	551.48011
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2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910508501503321
	Autore	Egan Richard (Historian)
	Titolo	Power and dysfunction : the New South Wales board for the protection of Aborigines 1883-1940 // Richard Egan
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Canberra, : ANU Press, 2021 Canberra : , : ANU Press, , [2021] ©2021
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (370 pages) : illustrations (black and white), colour maps, portraits
	Collana	Aboriginal History Monographs
	Disciplina	323.1199159
	Soggetti	Aboriginal Australians, Treatment of - Australia - New South Wales - History Aboriginal Australians - Government policy - Australia - New South Wales - History History New South Wales
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Includes bibliographical references.

Sommario/riassunto

In 1883, the New South Wales Board for the Protection of Aborigines was tasked with assisting and supporting an Aboriginal population that had been devastated by a brutal dispossession. It began its tenure with little government direction - its initial approach was cautious and reactionary. However, by the turn of the century this Board, driven by some forceful individuals, was squarely focused on a legislative agenda that sought policies to control, segregate and expel Aboriginal people. Over time it acquired extraordinary powers to control Aboriginal movement, remove children from their communities and send them into domestic service, collect wages and hold them in trust, withhold rations, expel individuals from stations and reserves, authorise medical inspections, and prevent any Aboriginal person from leaving the state. *Power and Dysfunction* explores this Board and uncovers who were the major drivers of these policies, who were its most influential people, and how this body came to wield so much power. Paradoxically, despite its considerable influence, through its bravado, structural dysfunction, flawed policies and general indifference, it failed to manage core aspects of Aboriginal policy. In the 1930s, when the Board was finally challenged by Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal groups seeking its abolition, it had become moribund, paranoid and secretive as it railed against all detractors. When it was finally disbanded in 1940, its 57-year legacy had touched every Aboriginal community in New South Wales with lasting consequences that still resonate today.
