Record Nr. UNINA9910677960703321 **Titolo** The handbook of plant genome mapping : genetic and physical mapping / / edited by Khalid Meksem and Gunter Kahl Pubbl/distr/stampa Weinheim,: Wiley-VCH, c2005 **ISBN** 1-280-51974-6 9786610519743 3-527-60351-4 3-527-60443-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (404 p.) Altri autori (Persone) MeksemKhalid KahlGunter 572.862 Disciplina 581.35015118 Plant genome mapping Soggetti **Botany** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto The Handbook of Plant Genome Mapping: Preface: Contents: List of Contributors: Part I Genetic Mapping: 1 Mapping Populations and Principles of Genetic Mapping; Overview; Abstract; 1.1 Introduction; 1.2 Mapping Populations: 1.2.1 Mapping Populations Suitable for Selffertilizing Plants; 1.2.1.1 F(2) Populations; 1.2.1.2 Recombinant Inbred Lines; 1.2.1.3 Backcross Populations; 1.2.1.4 Introgression Lines: Exotic Libraries; 1.2.1.5 Doubled Haploid Lines; 1.2.2 Mapping Populations for Cross-pollinating Species; 1.2.3 Two-step Strategies for Mapping Mutants and DNA Fragments 1.2.4 Chromosome-specific Tools for Mapping1.2.5 Mapping in Natural Populations/Breeding Pools; 1.2.6 Mapping Genes and Mutants to Physically Aligned DNA; 1.2.7 Specific Mapping Problems; 1.3 Discussion; Acknowledgments; References; 2 Molecular Marker Systems for Genetic Mapping; Abstract; 2.1 Introduction; 2.2 DNA-based Markers Popularly Used in Genetic Mapping; 2.2.1 RFLP; 2.2.1.1 Conventional RFLP Analysis; 2.2.1.2 PCR-RFLP; 2.2.1.3 Mismatch PCR-

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While the complete sequencing of the genomes of model organisms such as a multitude of bacteria and archaea, the yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae, the worm Caenorhabditis elegans, the fly Drosophila melanogaster, and the mouse and human genomes have received much public attention, the deciphering of plant genomeswas greatly lagging behind. Up to now, only two plant genomes, one of the model plant Arabidopsis thaliana and one of the crop species rice (Oryza sativa) have been sequenced, though a series of other crop genome sequencing projects are underway. Notwithstanding this public bias towards

Potential for Genotyping and Genome Mapping