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Nota di contenuto	Anatomy -- The Feline Dental Operator-Equipment, Instruments and Materials -- Anesthesia and Analgesia for Feline Dental Patients -- The Oral Disease Assessment, Treatment and Prevention Visit -- Dental Radiography -- Tooth Resorption -- Oropharyngeal Inflammation -- Oral Masses -- Oral Cavity Trauma -- Occlusal Disorders.
Sommario/riassunto	"The existence of the conventional anatomical naming of teeth as well as the various tooth numbering systems is recognized. In cats and dogs, the correct anatomical names of teeth are (right or left), (maxillary or mandibular), (first, second, third or fourth), (incisor, canine, premolar, molar), as applicable, written out in full or abbreviated. The modified Triadan system is presently considered to be the tooth numbering system of choice in veterinary dentistry; gaps are left in the numbering sequence where there are missing teeth (for example, the first premolar encountered in the feline left maxilla is numbered 206, not 205. The two lower right premolars are 407 and 408, not 405 and 406). The use of both anatomical naming and the modified Triadan system are acceptable for recording and storing veterinary dental information. The use of anatomical names in publications is required by many leading journals and is recommended. It offers an advantage in that veterinary dental publications are more understood by other health professionals and scientists with an interest

in veterinary dentistry"--
