

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996393380303316
Titolo	An abstract of the treaty of peace, concluded between the most potent and serene Prince, William the Third, by the grace of God King of Great Britain, &c. and the most potent and serene Prince, Lewis the Fourteenth, King of France, &c. at Riswick, September 20. N.S. 1697 [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : printed for Richard Baldwin in Warwick-Lane, 1697
Descrizione fisica	1 sheet ([1] p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	William, King of England, <1650-1702.> Louis, King of France, <1638-1715.>
Soggetti	Peace treaties
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Caption title. Formerly Wing A145. Reproduction of original in the British Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0018

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910676681303321
Autore	Amandry Michel
Titolo	Le sanctuaire rural de Bennecourt (Yvelines) : Du temple celtique au temple gallo-romain // Luc Bourgeois
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Paris, : Éditions de la Maison des sciences de l'homme, 2021
ISBN	2-7351-2626-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (224 p.)
Altri autori (Persone)	BaratYvan BourgeoisLuc CharierMarieAline DesseBersetNathalie DhéninMichel JosephAntoine MénielPatrice PaïnSilvia PallierPierre VanpeeneNicole
Soggetti	Archaeology religion Île-de-France sanctuaire Celts Gallo-Romains
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Établi aux confins de l'île-de-France et de la Normandie, le sanctuaire rural de Bennecourt est occupé du I <sup>er</sup> s. av. J.-C. au IV <sup>e</sup> s. de n.è. Les feuilles menées de 1982 à 1988 ont révélé le passage progressif d'un endos gaulois abritant un petit bâtiment sur poteaux à un vaste péribole entourant trois temples en pierre La conservation d'un ensemble d'aménagements secondaires et l'abondance du mobilier

(près de 25.000 objets ou fragments étudiés) en font un site de référence pour le nord de la Gaule. Après une étude détaillée des structures et du mobilier, Luc Bourgeois, dans la synthèse de cet ouvrage ouvre quelques pistes de recherche sur les structures cultuelles celtiques et leur évolution à l'époque gallo-romaine

approche nuancée de la filiation architecturale, aspects de la cuisine du sacrifice et place de ce type de site dans un cadre regional

Established where the Île-de-France region meets Normandy, the rural sanctuary in Bennecourt was occupied from the 2nd century BC to the 4th century AD. Excavations carried out from 1982 to 1988 have revealed the gradual progression from a Gallic enclosure housing a small building on pillars, to a vast peribolus surrounding three stone temples. A set of secondary features and an abundant collection of artefacts (close to 25,000 objects and fragments) have been preserved, making this a reference site for northern Gaul. After a detailed study of the structures and the artefacts, the author Luc Bourgeois presents an overview that suggests some directions for research on Celtic cult structures and their evolution in Gallo-Roman era : a nuanced approach to architectural filiation, aspects of sacrificial cooking and the place occupied by this type of site in a regional framework

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