1. Record Nr. UNISA996387401403316

Autore	Brome Richard <d. 1652?>
Titolo	Five new playes, (viz.) The madd couple well matcht. Novella. Court begger. City witt. Damoiselle. By Richard Brome [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : printed [by T[homas] R[oycroft]] for Humphrey Moseley, Richard Marriot, and Thomas Dring, and are to be sold at their shops, 1653
Descrizione fisica	[482] p. : port. (metal cut)
Altri autori (Persone)	BromeAlexander <1620-1666.>
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Partly in verse. Editor's dedication signed: A. Brome. The words "madd couple .. Damoiselle." are bracketed together on title page. The portrait is signed: T. Cross sculpsit. "The copy was divided between two compositors. One set-up through sheet S; the other, the remainder" -- Pforzheimer Catalogue. A reissue, with cancel title page, of the 1653 edition. Signatures: pi1 A (-A6-8) B-S; A-F Gâ´; Aâ´ B-F Gâ´ (-A6-8, G4). "The novella" and "The court begger" each have separate dated title page; register is continuous. "The city wit" (Wing B4866) and "The damoiselle" (Wing B4868) each have separate register and dated title page with "printed by T.R." in imprint. There is no indication that the latter two plays were ever issued separately, though they are sometimes found so (Greg). Reproduction of original in the Folger Shakespeare Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0216

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910632994603321

Autore	Alzate Gastón Adolfo
Titolo	La derrota insalvable de las ideas: Álvaro Mutis y Nicolás Gómez Dávila
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Colombia, : Universidad Santiago de Cali, 2018
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource (47-72 p.)
Soggetti	Literary studies: general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Spagnolo
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Hay una vertiente en la historia del pensamiento occidental formada por aquellos que a partir de la ilustración empezaron a lanzar argumentos, e incluso improperios, contra el mundo moderno. Principalmente desde los siglos XVIII y XIX, varios pensadores elaboraron doctrinas basadas en formas intuitivas, vitalistas y naturalistas con un carácter anti o contra racionalista, que en alguna medida eran próximas al mito en la manera de acercarse al conocimiento.

3. Record Nr. UNINA9910349512903321

Autore	Stokes Finn M
Titolo	Structure of Nucleon Excited States from Lattice QCD / / by Finn M. Stokes
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2019
ISBN	3-030-25722-3
Edizione	[1st ed. 2019.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (245 pages)
Collana	Springer Theses, Recognizing Outstanding Ph.D. Research, , 2190-5053
Disciplina	539.7548
Soggetti	Particles (Nuclear physics) Quantum field theory Physics Elementary Particles, Quantum Field Theory Numerical and Computational Physics, Simulation
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- Background -- Centre Clusters in the Yang-Mills Vacuum -- Parity Expanded Variational Analysis -- Form Factors of the Proton and Neutron -- Elastic Form Factors of Nucleon Excitations -- Conclusion -- Bibliography -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD) describes the interactions between elementary quarks and gluons as they compose the nucleons at the heart of atomic structure. The interactions give rise to complexity that can only be examined via numerical simulations on supercomputers. This work provides an introduction to the numerical simulations of lattice QCD and establishes new formalisms relevant to understanding the structure of nucleons and their excited states. The research opens with an examination of the non-trivial QCD vacuum and the emergence of “centre domains.” The focus then turns to establishing a novel Parity-Expanded Variational Analysis (PEVA) technique solving the important problem of isolating baryon states moving with finite momentum. This seminal work provides a foundation for future calculations of baryon properties. Implementation of the PEVA formalism discloses important systematic errors in conventional

calculations and reveals the structure of nucleon excited states from the first principles of QCD for the first time.