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Autore	Solazzi, Siro
Titolo	Recensione a: Vogt H. das Erbbaurecht des klassischen romischen rechts / Siro Solazzi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Napoli, : Jovene, 1951
Descrizione fisica	224-230 p.
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Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Estratto da: Ivra. Rivista Internazionale di Diritto Romano e antico. Vol. 2 (1951)

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910737400503321
Titolo	Das Band : Zeitschrift der judischen Gehorlosen / / herausgegeben vom "Verein z. Forderung d. Interessen d. Israelitischen Taubstummen Deutschlands e.V.", "Verein Ehemaliger Zoglinge der Israelitischen Taubstummenstalt zu Weissensee", "Der Israelitischen Taubstummen-Anstalt fur Deutschland zu Berlin-Weißensee"
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin-Weißensee, : Radscheck, 1926-1938
Soggetti	Deaf people - Germany Jewish periodicals Periodicals
Lingua di pubblicazione	Tedesco
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Periodico
Note generali	Edited by Felix Reich.
Sommario/riassunto	"Das Band" is the newsletter of the Israelitische Taubstummenanstalt ("Jewish Deaf-Mute Institute"). The Institute was founded by Markus Reich in 1873. Reich wanted to create an education program for deaf children that taught them to function independently as well as connected them to their Jewish heritage. Learning to speak was also an important aspect of his school. Reich's program was influential in the development of education for deaf children. Markus Reich's family was heavily involved in the school, including his son Felix Reich, who eventually took over the school. The school managed to stay open during the period of National Socialism. During this period, the students were threatened by the statute of compulsory sterilization of people with disabilities enacted by the Nazis in 1933. In 1938, Felix Reich was interned at the Sachsenhausen concentration camp. After his release, he immigrated to England with 10 deaf kindergarten children. After World War II broke out, Felix Reich lost contact with the remaining staff at the school and was not able to further assist the students and teachers. The Israelitische Taubstummenanstalt remained open until

1942 after which many of the students were deported and perished in the Holocaust. A few managed to escape with family members and three students survived in hiding. (Source: Offne deine Hand fur die Stummen. [Berlin]: Transit, [1993]).
