

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910597159803321
Titolo	Access to knowledge in Egypt : new research on intellectual property, innovation and development / / edited by Nagla Rizk and Lea Shaver
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Bloomsbury Academic, 2010
ISBN	9786612894633 9781282894631 1282894633 9781849660167 1849660166 9781849663588 1849663580
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (393 p.)
Collana	Access to knowledge
Altri autori (Persone)	RizkNagla ShaverLea Bishop
Disciplina	338.962
Soggetti	Information policy - Egypt Intellectual property - Egypt Knowledge management - Egypt Copyright - Egypt
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Access to Knowledge in Egypt; Copyright; Acknowledgement; Contents; List of Tables and Figures; Biographies; Advance Acclaim for Access to Knowledge in Egypt; Foreword by Jack Balkin; CHAPTER ONE: Access to Knowledge: Economic, Global and Local Perspectives; CHAPTER TWO: Egypt's Role in the A2K Movement: An Analysis of Positions and Policies; CHAPTER THREE: Access to Medicines in Egypt: A Human Rights Approach to IP, Trade and Health; CHAPTER FOUR: Stories from Egypt's Music Industry: De Facto Commons as Alternatives to Copyright CHAPTER FIVE: The Software Industry in Egypt: What Role for Open Source?CHAPTER SIX: Information and Communications Technology for Development: Building the Knowledge Society in Egypt; Index
Sommario/riassunto	This book is an important contribution to recovering a nuanced,

contextually aware view of access to knowledge and global knowledge governance Yochaie Benkler, Harvard Law School. ""This is a 'must read' for scholars and practioners interested in economic development, cultural production and access to knowledge"" Susan Sell, George Washington University. This volume features five chapters on current issues facing intellectual property, innovation and development policy from the Egyptian perspective. These include: information and communications technology for development, copyright and comparat

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910255269103321
Autore	Cakmak Cenap
Titolo	A Brief History of International Criminal Law and International Criminal Court / / by Cenap Çakmak
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York : , : Palgrave Macmillan US : , : Imprint : Palgrave Macmillan, , 2017
ISBN	9781137567369 1137567368
Edizione	[1st ed. 2017.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (X, 305 p.)
Disciplina	345.01
Soggetti	Transnational crime World history Human rights World politics Transnational Crime World History, Global and Transnational History Human Rights Political History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Part I- Evolution of International Criminal Law: Historical Overview -- Chapter 1. Historical Background -- Chapter 2. Prior to World War I -- Chapter 3. Interwar Period -- Chapter 4. From World War II to End of Cold War -- Chapter 5. From End of Cold War to Present Time --

Chapter 6. Review of Analysis -- Part II- Forming the International Criminal Court -- Chapter 7. Before Rome Conference -- Chapter 8. Rome Conference -- Chapter 9. Negotiations at Rome Conference -- Chapter 10. Inherent or Pre-authorized Jurisdiction -- Chapter 11. No Reservations, No Statute of Limitations -- Part III- International Criminal Court in World Politics -- Chapter 12. Introduction -- Chapter 13. Overview and Significance of the International Criminal Court -- Chapter 14. ICC versus National Sovereignty -- Chapter 15. Global Civil Society and the ICC and US Opposition -- Part IV- Conclusion.

Sommario/riassunto

This book offers a historical presentation of how international criminal law has evolved from a national setting to embodying a truly international outlook. As a growing part of international law this is an area that has attracted growing attention as a result of the mass atrocities and heinous crimes committed in different parts of the world. Çakmak pays particular attention to how the first permanent international criminal court was created and goes on to show how solutions developed to address international crimes have remained inadequate and failed to restore justice. Calling for a truly global approach as the only real solution to dealing with the most severe international crimes, this text will be of great interest to scholars of criminal justice, political science, and international relations.
