

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910595056303321
Autore	Chattopadhyay Dhiman
Titolo	Indian Journalism and the Impact of Social Media // by Dhiman Chattopadhyay
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Palgrave Macmillan, , 2022
ISBN	9783031073182 3031073185
Edizione	[1st ed. 2022.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (264 pages)
Collana	Palgrave Studies in Journalism and the Global South, , 2662-4818
Disciplina	079.54
Soggetti	Journalism Social media Ethnology - Asia Culture Digital Journalism Social Media News Journalism Asian Culture
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	1.Introduction -- 2.Journalism in an online-first era -- 3.Gates & influences: Theoretical framework -- 4.Building blocks: framework and methodology -- 5.Perceptions & influences: findings from the survey -- 6.Social media's impact on Indian journalism: Editors speak -- 7. Emerging challenges & the way ahead -- 8.Implications.
Sommario/riassunto	"This outstanding book offers an important, in-depth look at how social media affect journalism in the world's largest democracy. It's a must-read for anybody interested in how journalists around the world cope with the challenges of digital news and information." Lars Willnat, John Ben Snow Research Professor, Syracuse University, USA "...a must read for all media professionals and will provide valuable insights about the challenges and trends in current journalism practice in India." Sundeep Muppidi, Professor of Communication at the University of Hartford, USA "...a comprehensive, thoughtful, and very readable

analysis of the space social media occupies in Indian journalism.” Jyotika Ramaprasad, Professor in the School of Communication at the University of Miami, USA This book is a pan-India study that examines social media’s impact on Indian journalism, highlights emerging challenges, and discusses the way forward for India’s newsrooms. A result of three years of field work, the project uses mixed-methods research – a survey of nearly 300 journalists from 15 Indian cities, followed by in-depth interviews with 25 senior editors – to analyze and explain journalists’ perceptions about social media’s usefulness and credibility, factors that influence their online news sourcing and sharing decisions, resultant challenges for newsrooms, and ways to address those challenges. The findings offer unique insights into how newer forces are influencing journalistic practices in an online-first era. Key differences emerge in perceptions between Indian journalists and their Western compatriots about who or what influence their actions. The findings also raise questions about Gatekeeping as a term to describe journalistic work in 21st Century India’s newsrooms. The findings and the conclusions will hopefully help journalists, educators, and anyone interested in Indian journalism gain a deeper, more meaningful understanding about social media’s impact on Indian journalism, and the way ahead for India’s newsrooms. Dhiman Chattopadhyay is an assistant professor in the Department of Communication, Journalism and Media, at Shippensburg University, USA. .

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2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910616385803321
Titolo	Maternal Mortality - Lessons Learnt from Autopsy // edited by Kusum D. Jashnani
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Springer Nature Singapore : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2022
ISBN	981-19-3420-7
Edizione	[1st ed. 2022.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (227 pages) : illustrations (color)
Altri autori (Persone)	JashnaniKusum D
Disciplina	616.07
Soggetti	Pathology Gynecology Critical care medicine Family medicine Intensive Care Medicine General Practice and Family Medicine Embarassades Mortalitat Autòpsia Llibres electrònics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Part: I - Direct Maternal Death -- Catastrophic Abruptio Placentae- An Autopsy Case Series -- Liver Infarct in Pregnancy: A Complex, Rare and Dreadful Affair -- Cerebral Venous Sinus Thrombosis – An Avertable Catastrophe -- Fatty Liver: More Likely to be Fatal in Pregnancy! -- Eclampsia: A Risk Factor for Intracranial Haemorrhage -- Cervical Trauma: Clinical Conundrum and Correlation -- Amniotic Fluid Embolism Syndrome: A Rare, Unpredictable and Catastrophic Complication of Pregnancy -- Systemic Thromboembolism and Giant Gastric Mucor Ulcer -- Puerperal Sepsis: A Preventable Cause of Maternal Death -- Peri-partum Cardiomyopathy- Failed Cardiac Physiology -- HELLP Syndrome: The Snowball Effect -- Uterine Anomalies: Less Common but Lethal if not Detected -- Retained Products of Conception and Dilatation & Curettage: A cause for

Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation -- Part: II - Indirect Maternal Death -- Pulmonary Bone Marrow Embolism: The Uncommon but Fatal Complication of Sickle Cell Disease -- Neurocysticercosis, Pregnancy and Albendazole – The Unholy Trio -- Lupus Nephritis and Pregnancy: Concern for Both Mother and Fetus -- Disseminated Microthrombi in Pregnancy: Not Always DIC, Think of TTP -- Hepatitis E Virus Associated Hepatic Necrosis -- H1N1 Influenza in Pregnancy – Yet Another Dreaded Flu -- “Über Diffuse” Myocarditis: Still a Giant Mystery! -- Liver: A Fatal Target of Sepsis Related Organ Dysfunction -- Complicated Malaria in Pregnancy -- Adrenal Hemorrhage: A Dark Horse in Maternal Mortality -- Disseminated Miliary Tuberculosis: A classic Case of Fatality! -- Disseminated Miliary TB with Missing Millet Tubercles on Gross: Suspect Severe Immunocompromised State -- Mystic Hepatopathy in a Sickle Hemoglobinopathy -- Acute Hemorrhagic Pancreatitis and Sepsis: A Cause for Maternal Death -- Maternal Death due to Nonhodgkins Lymphoma -- Normal Physiologic Changes of Gravid Uterus -- Lobar Pneumonia: A Fatal Non-Obstetric Infection! -- Uterine Arterio-Venous Malformation -- Herpes Simplex Pneumonitis -- Renal Cortical Necrosis in Pregnancy: Still a Sad Reality in Developing Countries -- Severe Anaemia and Pregnancy -- Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy as an Incidental Finding -- Gastro-Intestinal Candidiasis – An Unusual Accompaniment -- Plugging of Visceral Blood Vessels by Atypical Cells: Clue to Leukemia! -- Chronic Kidney Disease Masquerading as Pregnancy Induced Hypertension -- Pulmonary Edema and Aspiration Pneumonia- Cause for Maternal Death -- Post-Partum Febrile Illness - Recurrent Acute Rheumatic Fever -- Common Atrio-Ventricular Canal: A Fatality Due to A Commonality -- Choked Prosthetic Mitral Valve -- Interstitial Lung Disease: Scarred, Stiff Lungs with Honeycombing -- Diffuse Alveolar Damage in Covid 19 infection -- Takayasu Arteritis – Third Trimester Tragedy.

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### Sommario/riassunto

The book discusses about 45 cases of maternal autopsies. These maternal mortalities are related to pregnancy-related diseases, pre-existing diseases that worsen or manifest during pregnancy and diseases for which pregnant patient has increased risk. As the study of maternal mortality is a healthcare quality indicator and plays an important role in the improvement of obstetric care, the book aims at discussing autopsy findings, which is the gold standard for establishing not only the causes of death, but also to uncover the various pathological lesions produced by the physiologic phenomenon of pregnancy. This helps in identifying the direct and indirect causes, which can be reviewed at multidisciplinary review meetings. The chapters are arranged according to direct and indirect causes of maternal death, involving varied target organ systems i.e. central nervous system, cardiovascular system, respiratory system, gastrointestinal tract, hepato-biliary system and pancreas, urinary system, female genital tract and others. However, it does not include diseases coincidental in pregnancy. Each case begins with the complete case history (age, duration of pregnancy, clinical presentation, investigations, clinical diagnosis, therapy, and course during ward stay, if any), autopsy findings, followed by a clinico-pathological discussion and includes appropriate gross organ and microscopic images. The book caters to the specialists in pathology, obstetrics, general medicine, critical care, surgery, pulmonologists, cardiology and all those involved in the care of pregnant women.

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