Record Nr. UNINA9910585971103321 Autore Fogarty William Titolo The Politics of Speech in Later Twentieth-Century Poetry: Local Tongues in Heaney, Brooks, Harrison, and Clifton / / by William Fogarty Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham: .: Springer International Publishing: .: Imprint: Palgrave Macmillan, , 2022 **ISBN** 9783031078897 9783031078880 Edizione [1st ed. 2022.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (254 pages) Collana Modern and Contemporary Poetry and Poetics, , 2634-6060 808 Disciplina 821.91409 Soggetti Poetrv Literature, Modern - 20th century Literature, Modern - 21st century Language and languages - Style Rhetoric Literature - History and criticism Historical linguistics Poetry and Poetics Contemporary Literature Rhetorics Literary Criticism **Historical Linguistics** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Chapter 1: Introduction: Local Tongues -- Chapter 2: Troubled Tongues: Seamus Heaney and the Political Poetics of Speech -- Chapter 3: The Gwendolynian Tongue: Gwendolyn Brooks's Noncolloquial Local Speech -- Chapter 4: Tongue-Tied Fighting: Tony Harrison's Linguistic Divisions -- Chapter 5: Mortal Tongues: Lucille Clifton's Local-Speech

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The Politics of Speech in Later Twentieth-Century Poetry: Local

Speech Poem.

Sommario/riassunto

Tongues in Heaney, Brooks, Harrison, and Clifton argues that local speech became a central facet of English-language poetry in the second half of the twentieth century. It is based on a key observation about four major poets from both sides of the Atlantic: Seamus Heaney, Gwendolyn Brooks, Tony Harrison, and Lucille Clifton all respond to societal crises by arranging, reproducing, and reconceiving their particular versions of local speech in poetic form. The book's overarching claim is that "local tongues" in poetry have the capacity to bridge aesthetic and sociopolitical realms because nonstandard local speech declares its distinction from the status quo and binds people who have been subordinated by hierarchical social conditions, while harnessing those versions of speech into poetic structures can actively counter the very hierarchies that would degrade those languages. The diverse local tongues of these four poets marshaled into the forms of poetry situate them at once in literary tradition, in local contexts, and in prevailing social constructs.