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Autore	Troncon, Renato
Titolo	Estetica e antropologia filosofica / Renato Troncon
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Lingua di pubblicazione	Non definito
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2. Record Nr.	UNISA996385700703316
Autore	Helmont Jean Baptiste van <1577-1644.>
Titolo	Deliramenta catarrhi: or, The incongruities, impossibilities, and absurdities couched under the vulgar opinion of defluxions [[electronic resource] /] / The author, that great philosopher, by fire, Joh. Bapt. Van Helmont, &c. The translator and paraphrast Dr. Charleton, physician to the late King
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Printed by E.G. for William Lee at the signe of the Turks-head in Fleet-street, 1650
Descrizione fisica	[12], 75, [1] p
Altri autori (Persone)	CharletonWalter <1619-1707.>
Soggetti	Catarrh
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	A translation of: Catarrhi deliramenta. Annotation on Thomason copy: "May. 18". Reproduction of the original in the British Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0018

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910576872303321
Autore	Capodaglio Paolo
Titolo	Wearables for Movement Analysis in Healthcare
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2022
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (252 p.)
Soggetti	Biochemistry Biology, life sciences Research and information: general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Quantitative movement analysis is widely used in clinical practice and research to investigate movement disorders objectively and in a complete way. Conventionally, body segment kinematic and kinetic parameters are measured in gait laboratories using marker-based optoelectronic systems, force plates, and electromyographic systems. Although movement analyses are considered accurate, the availability of specific laboratories, high costs, and dependency on trained users sometimes limit its use in clinical practice. A variety of compact wearable sensors are available today and have allowed researchers and clinicians to pursue applications in which individuals are monitored in their homes and in community settings within different fields of study, such movement analysis. Wearable sensors may thus contribute to the implementation of quantitative movement analyses even during out-patient use to reduce evaluation times and to provide objective, quantifiable data on the patients' capabilities, unobtrusively and continuously, for clinical purposes.