

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996386212003316
Autore	Preston Thomas <1563-1640.>
Titolo	The tryal and execution of Father Henry Garnet, superior provincial of the Jesuits in England for the Powder-Treason [[electronic resource] /] / Collected by Roger Widdrington a Roman Catholick; and by him addressed unto Pope Paul the Fifth; printed in Latin 1616. in his appendix to his Humble supplication, p. 124, and thence translated. Now published to make it further evident, that it is no new thing for Jesuits to curse and ban, to justifie a lie
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Printed for Johnathan Robinson, at the Golden Lyon in St. Paul's Church-Yard., 1679
Descrizione fisica	8 p
Soggetti	Gunpowder Plot, 1605 Executions and executioners - England Anti-Catholicism - England Great Britain History Charles II, 1660-1685 Early works to 1800
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Roger Widdrington = Thomas Preston. Originally published as part of the appendix to "Humillima supplicatio". Reproduction of original in the British Library.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0113

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910572180903321
Autore	Colzi Laura
Titolo	Isotopic fractionation study towards massive star-forming regions across the Galaxy // Laura Colzi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Firenze, Italy : , : Firenze University Press, , [2021] ©2021
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (226 pages) : illustrations
Collana	Premio tesi di dottorato ; ; Volume 91
Disciplina	523.88
Soggetti	Stars - Formation
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Sommario/riassunto	One of the most important tools to investigate the chemical history of our Galaxy and our own Solar System is to measure the isotopic fractionation of chemical elements. In the present study new astronomical observations devoted to the study of hydrogen and nitrogen fractionation (D/H and $^{14}\text{N}/^{15}\text{N}$ ratios) of molecules, towards massive star-forming regions in different evolutionary phases, have been presented. Moreover, a new detailed theoretical study of carbon fractionation, $^{12}\text{C}/^{13}\text{C}$ ratios, has been done. One of the main results was the confirmation that the $^{14}\text{N}/^{15}\text{N}$ ratio increases with the galactocentric distance, as predicted by stellar nucleosynthesis Galactic chemical evolution models. This work gives new important inputs on the understanding of local chemical processes that favor the production of molecules with different isotopes in star-forming regions.