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Autore	Buchetti Bruno
Titolo	Corporate Governance in the Banking Sector : Theory, Supervision, ESG and Real Banking Failures // by Bruno Buchetti, Alessandro Santoni
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Collana	Contributions to Finance and Accounting, , 2730-6046
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Soggetti	Corporate governance Financial risk management Financial statements Business enterprises - Finance Corporate Governance Risk Management Financial Reporting Corporate Finance
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Nota di contenuto	Chapter 1. The Meaning of Corporate Governance and Its Role in the Banking Sector -- Chapter 2. Corporate Governance Theories and the Banking Sector -- Chapter 3. Corporate Governance in the Banking Sector: A Literature Review -- Chapter 4. CG Stock Markets and the Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance (ESG) Indicators -- Chapter 5. Corporate Governance and Behavior Finance -- Chapter 6. Why Corporate Governance Matters - Spectacular Defaults.
Sommario/riassunto	This book gives an overview of the most important theories on Corporate Governance, investigating the myth and the reality of it. It argues that within the banking sector exist two new agency costs (i.e., bank depositors and shareholders vs. directors and bank depositors vs. shareholders and directors). These agency problems are difficult to reduce for two reasons. First, banks are complex and opaque. Second, government implicit guarantees and the deposit insurance systems

reduce the monitoring of depositors. This book also takes a deep dive into research on CG in the banking sector via a unique and innovative literature review covering the time period between 2000-2020. It finds that some specific CG characteristics affect banks: risk appetite, performance, accounting quality, compensation and corporate social responsibility disclosure. Furthermore, this publication contends that institutional investors are changing CG for the better, describing how major financial markets factors such as rating agencies and sell-side financial analysts make CG visible. Additionally, it investigates how managerial biases and irrational investors can affect CG negatively, leading to company distress. All-in-all, this book makes a threefold contribution: for regulators, it offers suggestions on how to improve banks' supervision; for researchers, it suggests new research topics; and for practitioners, it connects CG theory with real cases of CG failure.
