

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910454690303321
Autore	Lange Margreet de
Titolo	The Muzzled Muse [[electronic resource]] : Literature and censorship in South Africa
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Amsterdam/Philadelphia, : John Benjamins Publishing Company, 1997
ISBN	1-282-16234-9 9786612162343 90-272-9800-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (184 p.)
Collana	Utrecht Publications in General and Comparative Literature
Disciplina	809/.8968
Soggetti	Afrikaans literature -- History and criticism Censorship -- South Africa Comparative literature -- Afrikaans and English Comparative literature -- English and Afrikaans Comparative literature South Africa -- Politics and government -- 20th century South African literature (English) -- Black authors -- History and criticism South African literature (English) -- White authors -- History and criticism Comparative literature - History and criticism - Black authors - South Africa South African literature (English) - History and criticism - White authors South African literature (English) - History and criticism Afrikaans literature - English and Afrikaans Comparative literature - Afrikaans and English Censorship Literature - General Languages & Literatures Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.

Nota di contenuto

THE MUZZLED MUSE; Editorial page; Title page; LCC data; Acknowledgements; Table of Contents; Preface; Introduction; Chapter 1. South Africa and Censorship; Chapter 2. The Application of the Publications Act; Chapter 3 Censorship and Afrikaans Literature; Chapter 4. Afrikaans Authors and Censorship; Chapter 5. Censorship and White English Literature; Chapter 6. English Authors and Censorship; Chapter 7. Censorship and Black Literature in English; Chapter 8. Black Authors and Censorship; Chapter 9. Censorship in a Democratic South Africa; Conclusion; References; Index

The Series UTRECHT PUBLICATIONS IN GENERAL AND COMPARATIVE LITERATURE

Sommario/riassunto

"The long history of censorship is a parallel and equally powerful history of literature. Censors bear witness to the power of the word even more forcefully than the writers and the readers they consider dangerous." (Index on Censorship 6/1996)A critical assessment of literature produced under censorship needs to take into account that the strategies of the censors are answered by strategies of the writers and the readers. To recognize self-censoring strategies in writing, it is necessary to know the specific restrictions of the censorship regime in question. In South Africa under

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910566485003321
Autore	Oliveira Manuela
Titolo	Antimicrobial Resistance and Virulence Mechanisms
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2022
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (232 p.)
Soggetti	Biology, life sciences Microbiology (non-medical) Research and information: general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>The worldwide emergence of antimicrobial-resistant bacteria, specially those resistant to last-resource antibiotics, is now a common problem being defined as one of three priorities for the safeguarding of One Health by the Tripartite Alliance, which includes the World Health Organization (WHO), the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) and the Office International des Epizooties (OIE). Bacteria resistance profiles, together with the expression of specific virulence markers, have a major influence on the outcomes of infectious diseases. These bacterial traits are interconnected, since not only the presence of antibiotics may influence bacterial virulence gene expression and consequently infection pathogenesis, but some virulence factors may also contribute to an increased bacterial resistance ability, as observed in biofilm-producing strains. The surveillance of important resistant and virulent clones and associated mobile genetic elements is essential for decision making in terms of mitigation measures to be applied for the prevention of such infections in both human and veterinary medicine. However, the role of natural environments as important components of the dissemination cycle of these strains has not been considered until recently. This Special Issue aims to publish manuscripts that contribute to the understanding of the impact of bacterial antimicrobial resistance and virulence in the three areas of the One</p>

