

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910563095003321
Autore	Karcic Hikmet
Titolo	Torture, humiliate, kill : inside the Bosnian Serb camp system // Hikmet Karcic
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Ann Arbor, Michigan : , : University of Michigan Press, , 2022 ©2022
ISBN	0-472-90271-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (277 p.)
Collana	Ethnic conflict: Studies in nationality, race, and culture
Disciplina	365.450949742
Soggetti	Internment camps - Bosnia and Herzegovina Yugoslav War, 1991-1995 - Atrocities - Bosnia and Herzegovina Genocide - Bosnia and Herzegovina Bosnia and Herzegovina
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (pages 217-238) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Intro -- Contents -- List of Abbreviations -- List of Figures -- Acknowledgments -- Introduction: Echoes of the Holocaust -- Chapter 1. History of Ethnic Relations in Bosnia and Herzegovina -- Chapter 2. Collective Traumatization -- Chapter 3. Višegrad -- Chapter 4. Prijedor -- Chapter 5. Bijeljina -- Chapter 6. Bilea -- Chapter 7. Conclusions -- References -- Name Index -- Trial Judgments Index -- Subject Index
Sommario/riassunto	Half a century after the Holocaust, on European soil, Bosnian Serbs orchestrated a system of concentration camps where they subjected their Bosniak Muslim and Bosnian Croat neighbors to torture, abuse, and killing. Foreign journalists exposed the horrors of the camps in the summer of 1992, sparking worldwide outrage. This exposure, however, did not stop the mass atrocities. Hikmet Karcic shows that the use of camps and detention facilities has been a ubiquitous practice in countless wars and genocides in order to achieve the wartime objectives of perpetrators. Although camps have been used for different strategic purposes, their essential functions are always the same: to inflict torture and lasting trauma on the victims. Torture, Humiliate, Kill develops the author's collective traumatization theory,

which contends that the concentration camps set up by the Bosnian Serb authorities had the primary purpose of inflicting collective trauma on the non-Serb population of Bosnia and Herzegovina. This collective traumatization consisted of excessive use of torture, sexual abuse, humiliation, and killing. The physical and psychological suffering imposed by these methods were seen as a quick and efficient means to establish the Serb "living space." Karcic argues that this trauma was deliberately intended to deter non-Serbs from ever returning to their pre-war homes. The book centers on multiple examples of experiences at concentration camps in four towns operated by Bosnian Serbs during the war: Prijedor, Bijeljina, Visegrad, and Bileca. Chosen according to their political and geographical position, Karcic demonstrates that these camps were used as tools for the ethno-religious genocidal campaign against non-Serbs. Torture, Humiliate, Kill is a thorough and definitive resource for understanding the function and operation of camps during the Bosnian genocide.

---