

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910280877203321
Autore	Gaugain Lucie
Titolo	Amboise : Un château dans la ville // Lucie Gaugain
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Tours, : Presses universitaires François-Rabelais, 2018
ISBN	2-86906-537-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (455-XXIV p.)
Soggetti	History Medieval & Renaissance Studies ville Renaissance urbanisme Touaine palais fortification chantier château résidence aristocratique mobilier Amboise
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Alors que Louis XI accentua le caractère fortifié du château d'Amboise dont il actualisa le parti résidentiel, le projet de Charles VIII tendit à en faire un palais, séjour privilégié de la cour. D'une ampleur jamais encore égalée, le chantier de construction royal eut des répercussions immédiates sur l'économie et l'urbanisme de cette petite ville en bordure de Loire. La tradition constructive ancienne, liée aux ponts, fut renouvelée par l'afflux et le dynamisme d'une main d'œuvre hautement qualifiée attirée par le chantier royal. À l'ombre du château Renaissance, ce sont des quartiers nouveaux et de nombreuses

maisons qui sont édiés. Dans les trois dernières décennies du XVe siècle, la ville d'Amboise s'enrichit ainsi de quatre édifces éditaires qui demeurèrent les seuls de la ville jusqu'au XVIIIe siècle. L'architecture privée et urbaine témoigne des cadres de vie des différents milieux sociologiques renouvelés par l'installation des officiers de la cour et de la main d'œuvre industrielle. En 1498, Amboise avait tous les atouts pour devenir une ville d'importance ; la mort accidentelle du roi Charles VIII arrêta cet essor. Ce dynamisme sur une quarantaine d'années constitua le laboratoire de nouvelles solutions architecturales qui influencèrent les chantiers princiers du début de la Renaissance.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910746595003321
Titolo	Building an International Cybersecurity Regime : Multistakeholder Diplomacy // Ian Johnstone, Arun Sukumar, and Joel Trachtman, editors
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Northampton : , : Edward Elgar Publishing, , 2023
ISBN	1-03-530154-7
Edizione	[First edition.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (282 pages)
Collana	Elgar International Law and Technology Series
Disciplina	005.8026
Soggetti	Computer security - Law and legislation Cyber intelligence (Computer security) Internet - Law and legislation
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Front Matter -- Copyright -- Contents -- Contributors -- PART I Introduction -- 1. Building cybersecurity through multistakeholder diplomacy: Politics, processes, and prospects -- PART II Thematic issues -- 2. The geopolitics of multistakeholder cyber diplomacy: A comparative analysis -- 3. Multistakeholder characteristics of past and ongoing cybersecurity norms processes -- 4. Developing multistakeholder structures for cybersecurity norms: Learning from experience -- 5. Implementing cybersecurity norms: The design of international institutions -- PART III Country perspectives -- 6. U.S.

multistakeholder engagement in cyber stability issues -- 7. Russia's participation in multistakeholder diplomacy for cybersecurity norms -- 8. Rethinking Chinese multistakeholder governance of cybersecurity -- 9. India's "passive" multistakeholder cyber diplomacy -- 10. Brazil and multistakeholder diplomacy for the Internet: Past achievements, current challenges and the road ahead -- 11. Taking stock of Estonia's multistakeholder cyber diplomacy -- PART IV Conclusion -- 12. The way ahead for multistakeholder cyber diplomacy -- Index.

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Sommario/riassunto

"Providing a much-needed study on cybersecurity regime building, this comprehensive book is a detailed analysis of cybersecurity norm-making processes and country positions, through the lens of multi-stakeholder diplomacy. Multi-disciplinary and multi-national scholars and practitioners use insights drawn from high-level discussion groups to provide a rigorous analysis of how major cyber powers view multi-stakeholder diplomacy. Looking at how past cybersecurity initiatives and multi-stakeholder negotiations in other fields illuminate its dynamics, this book will help put states' approaches towards multi-stakeholder cyber diplomacy into perspective, and frame the role of private actors in cybersecurity regime building. Evaluating the most promising institutional arrangements and mechanisms for implementing cybersecurity, this book combines top-down analyses relevant to the design of international cybersecurity regimes with bottom-up case studies, tracing the approaches of important states towards multi-stakeholder participation in cyber diplomacy. With a wealth of policy-relevant findings, this book will be welcomed by practitioners and scholars of international law, international organisation and international cybersecurity as well as multi-stakeholder governance and multilateral regimes. Policymakers and diplomats involved in international cybersecurity processes will also benefit from its cutting-edge comparative analysis of the approaches of key cyber powers"--

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3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910557756903321
Autore	Daigle France
Titolo	Salmonella : Pathogenesis and Host Restriction
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, Switzerland, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2021
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (186 p.)
Soggetti	Research & information: general
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>This Special Issue "Applications of Stable Isotopes and Tritium in Hydrology" addresses the current state-of-the-art applications of stable isotopes and tritium in studies of hydrological process and the whole water cycle. The six scientific papers belonging to this SI show a wide variety of isotope applications in various studies performed locally or regionally, but the conclusions obtained may be valid worldwide. Precipitation, groundwater, and surface waters belong to classical water bodies, while evapotranspiration, effects of farming, and drip water in karst caves seldom present applications of water isotopes.</p>