1. Record Nr. UNISA996392682203316

Autore	Harris Robert <1581-1658.>
Titolo	A brief discourse of mans estate in the first and second Adam .. [[electronic resource] /] / by Robert Harris .
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Lonodn [sic], : Printed by J. Flesher for John Bartlet, the elder, and John Bartlet, the younger ..., 1653
Descrizione fisica	[2], 60 [i.e. 40] p
Soggetti	Man (Christian theology) Theology, Doctrinal
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	This item also appears at reel 187:4 as part of Wing H868. Reproduction of the original in the British Library.
Nota di contenuto	(from t.p.) I. Man had a glorious beginning -- II. Man is much varied from himself -- III. Mans sin was caused by himself -- IV. Mans misery follows his non-dependence on God -- V. Man, once off from God, and left to himself wanders irrecoverably -- Saints by Christ are in a very happy estate.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0018

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910557154003321

Autore	Neitzel Frank
Titolo	Stochastic Models for Geodesy and Geoinformation Science
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, Switzerland, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2021
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (200 p.)
Soggetti	History of engineering and technology
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	In geodesy and geoinformation science, as well as in many other technical disciplines, it is often not possible to directly determine the desired target quantities. Therefore, the unknown parameters must be linked with the measured values by a mathematical model which consists of the functional and the stochastic models. The functional model describes the geometrical-physical relationship between the measurements and the unknown parameters. This relationship is sufficiently well known for most applications. With regard to the stochastic model, two problem domains of fundamental importance arise: 1. How can stochastic models be set up as realistically as possible for the various geodetic observation methods and sensor systems? 2. How can the stochastic information be adequately considered in appropriate least squares adjustment models? Further questions include the interpretation of the stochastic properties of the computed target values with regard to precision and reliability and the use of the results for the detection of outliers in the input data (measurements). In this Special Issue, current research results on these general questions are presented in ten peer-reviewed articles. The basic findings can be applied to all technical scientific fields where measurements are used for the determination of parameters to describe geometric or physical phenomena.