

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910710595303321
Autore	Schneider Samuel J
Titolo	High temperature applications of structural ceramics : quarterly progress report January-March 1981 / / Samuel J. Schneider
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Gaithersburg, MD : , : U.S. Dept. of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, , 1981
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource
Collana	NBSIR ; ; 81-2274
Altri autori (Persone)	Schneider Samuel J
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Livello bibliografico	Monografia
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2. Record Nr.	UNIORUON00341506
Autore	DUMESNIL, René
Titolo	Guy de Maupassant / René Dumesnil
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Paris, : Tallandier, c1947
Descrizione fisica	284 p. ; 18 cm.
Disciplina	844
Soggetti	MAUPASSANT GUY DE
Lingua di pubblicazione	Francesc
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3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910557123603321
Autore	Snook Adam E
Titolo	Toxins and Cancer Therapy
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel, Switzerland, : MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2021
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (104 p.)
Soggetti	Medicine and Nursing
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	Cancer has been a patient-specific and difficult-to-treat disease for decades, resulting in more deaths since 1900 than all other diseases except cardiovascular diseases. As societies around the world continue to shift towards an aging population, the social and economic burden created by cancer will only rise in the coming decades, necessitating continued improvement in our cancer therapies. Remarkably, in the late

1800s, bone surgeon William Coley serendipitously discovered that bacteria could be administered to patients as an effective (and sometimes toxic) form of cancer therapy known as "Coley's Toxins". His discoveries unknowingly led to two fields of cancer therapy that have been in development for decades and are now leading to significant improvements in therapy for cancer patients: immune-based and toxin-based therapies for cancer. Articles included here discuss the discoveries that emerged from Coley's Toxins that enable us to harness the immune system and microbial toxins to combat cancers, as oncology shifts from a field dominated by chemotherapy for most of the 20th century to biologic therapies that will dominate the 21st century.

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