

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910463936403321
Titolo	Arsenic : natural and anthropogenic // editors, Eleonora Deschamps, Jorg Matschullat
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Boca Raton : , : CRC Press, , 2011
ISBN	0-429-06524-8 0-203-09322-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (228 p.)
Collana	Arsenic in the environment ; ; 4
Altri autori (Persone)	MatschullatJorg DeschampsEleonora
Disciplina	628.5/2
Soggetti	Arsenic - Environmental aspects Arsenic in the body Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	A Balkema book.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	8. Project philosophy, history and development9. Environment and health perception; Section III: From air, water and soil to the human body; 10. Dust sampling and interpretation; 11. Surface water; 12. Soils and sediments; 13. Arsenic in edible and bioaccumulating plants; 14. Human biomonitoring; Section IV: Solutions and outlook - meeting the challenges; 15. Environmental and health education; 16. Water treatment - A local example; 17. Mitigation measures and solutions; Section V: Annex; Books published in this book series
Sommario/riassunto	Arsenic in the environment has been studied in many, mostly unrelated works dealing with very specific individual aspects. This book provides an interdisciplinary and comprehensive examination into Arsenic's behaviour in air, water, soils and sediments, plants and the human body. Based on state-of-the-art investigations into the global arsenic cycle, the related human toxicology and available remediation technologies, it assesses arsenic in all the environmental compartments. Using the results of primary research, the authors offer concrete suggestions for risk reduction and management of environmental pollution that allow the reader to successfully tackle similar problems and find sustainable solutions.The book consists of

three parts: 1. review of the current knowledge of Arsenic behaviour in the environment (global biogeochemical cycles), toxicology, remediation techniques, immobilization technologies and environmental legislation; 2. Case studies for mining-related arsenic problems; 3. Discussion of mitigation and remediation technologies and approaches such as environmental education, hygiene training, backed by real experience and successful implementation in the region--

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910554209903321
Autore	Jordt Ingrid
Titolo	How Generation Z galvanized a revolutionary movement against Myanmar's 2021 military coup / / Ingrid Jordt, Tharaphi Than and Sue Ye Lin [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : ISEAS-Yusof Ishak Institute, , 2021
ISBN	981-4951-74-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (33 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	Trends in Southeast Asia ; ; 2021, issue 7
Disciplina	303.48409591
Soggetti	Protest movements - Burma Civil-military relations - Burma Burma History Coup d'etat, 2021
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 08 Oct 2021).
Nota di contenuto	Frontmatter -- FOREWORD -- How Generation Z Galvanized a Revolutionary Movement against Myanmar's 2021 Military Coup. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY -- How Generation Z Galvanized a Revolutionary Movement against Myanmar's 2021 Military Coup
Sommario/riassunto	On 1 February 2021, under the command of General Min Aung Hlaing, Myanmar's military initiated a coup, apparently drawing to a close Myanmar's ten-year experiment with democratic rule. State Counsellor Aung San Suu Kyi and President Win Myint were arrested along with other elected officials. Mass protests against the coup ensued, led by Gen Z youths who shaped a values-based democratic revolutionary movement that in character is anti-military regime, anti-China

influence, anti-authoritarian, anti-racist, and anti-sexist. Women and minorities have been at the forefront, organizing protests, shaping campaigns, and engaging sectors of society that in the past had been relegated to the periphery of national politics. The protests were broadcast to local and international audiences through social media. Simultaneously, a civil disobedience movement (CDM) arose in the shape of a massive strike mostly led by civil servants. CDM is non-violent and acephalous, a broad 'society against the state' movement too large and diffuse for the military to target and dismantle. Semi-autonomous administrative zones in the name of Pa-a-pha or civil administrative organizations emerged out of spontaneously organized neighbourhood watches at the ward and village levels, effectively forming a parallel governance system to the military state. Anti-coup protests moved decisively away from calls for the release of Aung San Suu Kyi and other elected political leaders, or for a return to democracy under the 2008 constitution. Instead, it evolved towards greater inclusivity of all Myanmar peoples in pursuit of a more robust federal democracy. A group of fifteen elected parliamentarians, representing the ideals of Gen Z youths, formed a shadow government called the Committee Representing the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw (CRPH) on 5 February 2021. On 1 March the CRPH declared the military governing body, the State Administrative Council (SAC), a 'terrorist group', and on 31 March, it declared the military's 2008 constitution abolished. Gen Z's protests have accomplished what has been elusive to prior generations of anti-regime movements and uprisings. They have severed the Bamar Buddhist nationalist narrative that has gripped state society relations and the military's ideological control over the political landscape, substituting for it an inclusive democratic ideology.
