Record Nr. UNINA9910554205703321 Autore Scott-Smith Tom Titolo On an empty stomach: two hundred years of hunger relief / / Tom Scott-Smith Ithaca, NY:,: Cornell University Press,, [2020] Pubbl/distr/stampa ©2020 **ISBN** 1-5017-4867-X Descrizione fisica 1 online resource Disciplina 363.8/83 Soggetti Nutrition - Research - History Emergency mass feeding - History Starvation - History Humanitarian assistance - History Food relief - History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Monografia Livello bibliografico Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Frontmatter -- Contents -- Illustrations -- Preface --Acknowledgments -- Introduction: Humanitarian Approaches to Hunger -- 1. From the Classical Soup Kitchen to the Irish Famine -- 2. Justus Liebig and the Rise of Nutritional Science -- 3. Governing the Diet in Victorian Institutions -- 4. Colonialism and Communal Strength -- 5. Social Nutrition at the League of Nations -- 6. Military Feeding during World War II -- 7. The Medicalization of Hunger and the Postwar Period -- 8. High Modernism and the Development Decade -- 9. Low Modernism after Biafra -- 10. Small-Scale Devices and the Low Modernist Legacy -- Conclusion: On an Empty Stomach -- Notes --Bibliography -- Index Sommario/riassunto On an Empty Stomach examines the practical techniques humanitarians have used to manage and measure starvation, from Victorian

On an Empty Stomach examines the practical techniques humanitarians have used to manage and measure starvation, from Victorian "scientific" soup kitchens to space-age, high-protein foods. Tracing the evolution of these techniques since the start of the nineteenth century, Tom Scott-Smith argues that humanitarianism is not a simple story of progress and improvement but is profoundly shaped by sociopolitical conditions. Aid is often presented as an apolitical and technical project,

but the way humanitarians conceive and tackle human needs has always been deeply influenced by culture, politics, and society. These influences extend down to the most detailed mechanisms for measuring malnutrition and providing sustenance. As Scott-Smith shows, over the past century, the humanitarian approach to hunger has redefined food as nutrients and hunger as a medical condition. Aid has become more individualized, medicalized, and rationalized, shaped by modernism in bureaucracy, commerce, and food technology. On an Empty Stomach focuses on the gains and losses that result, examining the complex compromises that arise between efficiency of distribution and quality of care. Scott-Smith concludes that humanitarian groups have developed an approach to the empty stomach that is dependent on compact, commercially produced devices and that is often paternalistic and culturally insensitive.