Record Nr. UNINA9910548271203321 Autore **Tabassum Nowrin** Titolo The politics of climate change knowledge: labelling climate changeinduced uprooted people / / Nowrin Tabassum Taylor & Francis, 2022 Pubbl/distr/stampa Abingdon, Oxon;; New York, NY:,: Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group, , 2022 **ISBN** 1-00-303828-X 1-000-54607-1 1-000-54606-3 1-003-03828-X Edizione [First edition.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (181 pages) Collana Transforming Environmental Politics and Policy Disciplina 305.9/06912 305.906912 Soggetti Environmental refugees Policy networks Environmental refugees - Bangladesh Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto 1. The Puzzle and the Method2. Conceptual Debates: Climate Refugees versus Climate Change-induced Displacements/Migrants3. Knowledge and Knowledge Network Theory4. Climate Change and Population Movement in Bangladesh5. Components of the Knowledge Network Theory: Actors, Knowledge Brokers and Climate Finance6. The Shift from Climate Refugees to Climate Change-induced Displacement7. Transnational Network: Bringing National and Local Interests in Line with the Donors Interests8. The Present and the Future This book addresses political knowledge of climate change and its Sommario/riassunto relation to labelling people affected by climate change, either as climate refugees or as climate change-induced displaced people or migrants. By questioning the knowledge of climate change and subsequent labelling of people, this book will spark debate in studies of global climate politics and transnational policy network. Rather than

considering the issue of climate change as a given phenomenon, the

author explores how the politicized knowledge of climate change has been produced in international negotiations and how that knowledge is transmitted from global forums to local country levels via climate change action plans and resilience projects. This book introduces the concept of multi-scalar knowledge brokers (MKBs) individual actors who work at multiple levels (local, national, and international) to transmit the knowledge of climate change from global level to local level. The author uses the primary case study of Bangladesh to demonstrate how the dominant actors in global climate politics the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), and the World Bank, as well as the USA and the UK interact with the government and local NGOs in Bangladesh regarding transmitting the knowledge of climate change, labelling the uprooted people, and implementing resilience projects. This book will be of interest to students, scholars, and practitioners of international relations, environmental politics, climate change studies, political ecology, political geography, and migration and displacement studies.