

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910511449103321
Autore	Hamdan Eman
Titolo	The principle of non-refoulement under the ECHR and the UN convention against torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment / / by Eman Hamdan
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Leiden, [Netherlands] ; ; Boston, [Massachusetts] : , : Brill Nijhoff, , 2016 ©2016
ISBN	90-04-31939-5
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (414 p.)
Collana	International Studies in Human Rights, , 0924-4751 ; ; Volume 115
Disciplina	342.08/2
Soggetti	Refoulement Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Based on author's thesis (doctoral - University of Geneve, 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Material -- Introduction -- The Principle of Non-Refoulement under the echr and the cat -- The Content of the Principle of Non-Refoulement -- The Individual Complaints Procedures in the Context of Non-Refoulement Allegations -- Assessment of the Risk of being Subjected to Ill-treatment -- Summary of the Conclusions -- Bibliography -- Index.
Sommario/riassunto	In this study, Eman Hamdan examines the protection against refoulement under the European Convention on Human Rights and the UN Convention against Torture, with the aim to determine which of those Conventions affords better protection for international protection seekers. Hamdan explores the scope and content of the principle of non-refoulement under both Conventions and the application of the principle to the immigration control measures and the extraordinary rendition operations. The author provides a comprehensive and comparative analysis of the case-law of both the European Court of Human Rights and the UN Committee against Torture on the procedural and substantive aspects of the principle of non-refoulement, in order to help practitioners to determine which of these human rights treaty bodies is more favorable for their specific non-refoulement case. This book was chosen to participate in the Professor Walther Hug Prize

2014-2015, which is a prize for the best legal researches in Switzerland for each academic year.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910783121303321
Autore	Pottier Johan
Titolo	Re-imagining Rwanda : conflict, survival and disinformation in the late twentieth century // Johan Pottier [[electronic resource]]
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cambridge : , : Cambridge University Press, , 2002
ISBN	1-107-13334-3 1-280-41977-6 1-139-14810-9 0-511-18009-8 0-511-06479-9 0-511-05846-2 0-511-32383-2 0-511-49109-3 0-511-07325-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (xvii, 251 pages) : digital, PDF file(s)
Collana	African studies series ; ; 102
Disciplina	967.571
Soggetti	Rwanda History Civil War, 1994 Rwanda Ethnic relations History 20th century
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 05 Oct 2015).
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 233-247) and index.
Nota di contenuto	Build-up to war and genocide : society and economy in Rwanda and eastern Zaire -- Mind the gap : how the international press reported on society, politics, and history -- For beginners, by beginners : knowledge construction under the Rwandese Patriotic Front -- Labelling refugees : international aid and the discourse of genocide -- Masterclass in surreal diplomacy : understanding the culture of "political correctness" -- Land and social development : challenges, proposals, and their imagery.
Sommario/riassunto	The tragic conflict in Rwanda and the Great Lakes in 1994-1996

attracted the horrified attention of the world's media. Journalists, diplomats and aid workers struggled to find a way to make sense of the bloodshed. Johan Pottier's troubling study shows that the post-genocide regime in Rwanda was able to impose a simple yet persuasive account of Central Africa's crises upon international commentators new to the region, and he explains the ideological underpinnings of this official narrative. He also provides a sobering analysis of the way in which this simple, persuasive, but fatally misleading analysis of the situation on the ground led to policy errors that exacerbated the original crisis. Professor Pottier has extensive field experience in the region, from before and after the genocide, and he has also worked among refugees in eastern Zaire.
