1. Record Nr. UNINA9910510428903321

Autore	Chang Chip Hong
Titolo	Proceedings of the 5th Workshop on Attacks and Solutions in Hardware Security / / Chip Hong Chang
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New York : , : Association for Computing Machinery, , 2021
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (123 pages) : illustrations (some color)
Collana	ACM Conferences
Disciplina	004
Soggetti	Electronic data processing
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	It is our great pleasure to welcome you to the Fifth Workshop on Attacks and Solutions in Hardware Security 2021 (ASHES 2021), a post-conference satellite workshop of the ACM Conference on Computer and Communications Security 2021 (CCS 2021). Due to the ongoing pandemic, ASHES was held completely virtual.

2. Record Nr. UNINA9910346663003321

Autore	Nephew Kenneth P
Titolo	The Tumor Microenvironment of High Grade Serous Ovarian Cancer / Kenneth P. Nephew, Anirban Mitra, M. Sharon Stack, Joanna E. Burdette
Pubbl/distr/stampa	MDPI - Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute, 2019 Basel, Switzerland : , : MDPI, , 2019
ISBN	9783038975557 3038975559
Descrizione fisica	1 electronic resource (434 p.)
Soggetti	Biology, life sciences
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	The Special Issue on high grade serous ovarian cancer (HGSOC) and the contribution of the tumor microenviroment (TME) consists of reviews contributed by leaders in the OC field. As HGSOC metastases have a highly complex TME, there is an urgent need to better understand the TME in general, its distinct components in particular, and the role of the TME in the context of disease recurrence and development of chemoresistance. The Special Issue incorporates the current understanding of the different parts of thd TME components, including the cancer cells themselves, the cells surrounding the cancer cells or stromal cells, and the cells of the immune system, which are attracted to the site of metastases. In addition to these cells of the TME, the role of various cellular factors made by the cells of the TME are also the subject of the reviews. In addition, reviews in this Special Issue cover the complex relationships between the molecular mechanisms of HGSOC progression, including genomic, epigenomic and transcriptomic changes and changes in the immune cell landscape, as these may provide attractive new molecular targets for HGSOC therapy.